THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, JUNE 2, 1867. VOLUME XVII.—NUMBER 265

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : 25
To carriers and newsdealers, per copy : : 5
Weekly, per annum (in advance) : : : 5 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : : : $1 00
" " each additional insertion : : 50
" two weeks : : : : : : 6 00
" one month : : : : : : 8 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitutes a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 20 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ Advertisements to be inserted in the Weekly paper only, or at regular intervals in either of the papers, will be charged $1 per square for each and every insertion.

☞ All advertisements not marked for a special time will be discontinued at the end of one week.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *The amount of advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ No advertisement will appear in the Weekly paper unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : : : $5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each : : : 4 50
" " twenty or more, each : : : 4 00
Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW AND MASONIC CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5627.

1 Tisri, 10th September.....1866.
1 Kheshvan, 10th October.....
1 Chisleu, 9th November.....
1 Tebeth, 8th December.....
1 Shebat, 7th January.....1867.
1 Adar, 6th February.....
1 Veadar, 8th March.....
1 Nisan, 6th April.....
1 Iyar, 6th May.....
1 Sivan, 4th June.....
1 Thamus, 4th July.....
1 Ab, 3d August.....
1 Elul, 1st September.....

Ash Wednesday, 6th March.....1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April.....
Good Friday, 19th April.....
Easter Sunday, 21st April.....
Ascension, 30th May.....
Pentecost, Whitsun.....
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mhl4 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 108. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. C. Trader, W. M.; R. T. Townsend, Sec.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 3d Friday of each month.—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 247. Meets 1st Friday of each month.—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; B. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 260. Meets 3d Friday of each month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Shipley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 311 (I. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month.—261 Front street. John J. Worsham, 33d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month.—Odd-Fellows' Hall. A. J. Wheeler, M. P.; H. H. Paynter, Sec.

CRYPTIC RITE.

SAINT AND.·.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month.—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

TEMPLAR.

ORIENTE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 3d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, Gr.·. Insp.; Charles M. Carroll, 32d, Sec.

MYSTIC TIE Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Meliorah, 32d, Gr.·. M.·.; A. L. Frankland, 32d, Rec.·.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Thrice.·. Illust.·. Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M. W.; H. J. Townson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPI Council of Knights Commander of K.·.H.·. 30th, No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, Commdr.; William Y. Grosse, 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d, Commdr. in Chief; Dodge C. Treat, 32d, Sec.·.

RAILROADS.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, MEMPHIS, May 5, 1867.

On and after Monday, May 6th, the Trains upon this Road will run as follows:

Day Express Train—Leave Memphis every day (Sunday excepted) at 4.30 a.m., making close connection at Humboldt with Mobile and Ohio Railroad for Jackson, Trenton, Union City, Padncah and Columbus, and at Cairo with Illinois Central Railroad for

ST. LOUIS IN 25 HOURS,

Chicago, Cincinnati and all points East. Also, Nashville via Clarksville in 14 hours, and to Louisville

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS

Making close connections there with Jeffersonville Railroad

FOR ALL POINTS EAST,

Reaching New York at 9.25 p.m., being the

Shortest, Best and Quickest Route

To New York and all Eastern Cities.

Mail Train at 4 p.m., every day, stopping at all Stations, making connections for

ALL POINTS EAST, WEST AND NORTH.

On this route Passengers go through to Louisville

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL POINTS.

Trains arrive at Memphis at 8.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m.

For Through Tickets and all information, apply at Ticket Office, No 257½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM R. JONES,
my5 1m General Superintendent.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

TRAINS leave as follows (city time):

Through Express, Sundays excepted, 6:20 a.m., Through Express, Sundays excepted, 6:20 p.m. Mail, 8:30 p.m. Night Express, Sundays excepted, 8:30 p.m. Accommodation at 3:40 p.m.; Grand Junction Accommodation Train, connecting with Mississippi Central Train, leaves at 12:30 p.m.

Express connects at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, Shreveport, New Orleans, La., etc.

At Corinth, for Okolona, Columbus, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.

At Decatur, for Columbia, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, etc.

At Chattanooga, for all places in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, Northland South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.

Through Mail connects at Grand Junction with trains for Bolivar and Jackson, Tenn.

At Decatur, for Athens, Pulaski, Ala., Columbia, Mount Pleasant, Shoal Creek, etc.

At Chattanooga Mail trains connect for same points as Express trains.

Baggage checked through.

For tickets and further information, apply at the office, No. 13 Court street.

W. H. ROSS, Gen'l Supt.
A. A. BARNES, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
ap11 tf S. H. SHOCK, Passenger Agent.

Diamond Line.

THROUGH Receipts given for COTTON via Cincinnati by rail or river. Time guaranteed. Cars unloaded—no charges from Cincinnati to New York.

W. JAY JOHNSON,
ap6 tf Agent Wharfboat.

MILLINERY.

LATEST SPRING STYLES
—OF—
MILLINERY
Cor. Main and Jefferson Streets.

THE MISSES QUINLAN

ARE just in receipt of a large and carefully selected assortment of the most elegant

MILLINERY GOODS AND NOVELTIES

Of the season, which they are determined offer cheaper than any house in the city.

ALSO—Particular attention paid to DRESS MAKING. mh29 1m

FRED. WEBBER

House and Steamboat Roofer

WHOLESALE dealer in Roofing Gum and Pitch, Saturated Roofing Paper, Imported Felt. Manufacturer of a superior preparation for the preservation of Tin and Metal Roofs that has given satisfaction for fourteen years.

OFFICE—Southeast corner First and Market streets, Louisville, Kentucky. feb19 3m

CONFECTIONERIES.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY
REOPENED!

Confectionary in Every Variety,

And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES

Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. mh17 tf

P. H. HEINRICH & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Confectionors

—And—

CANDY MANUFACTURERS!

Dealers in Imported

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Fruits, etc.,

No. 236 Front Street,

mh17 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

INSURANCE AGENCIES

GERMANIA
Life Insurance Company,
90 Broadway, New York.

HUGO WESENDONK.....President.
PR. SCHWENDLER.....Vice-Pres't and Sec'y.

JOHN H. FRERICHS,
302 Main Street,
General Agent for Western Tennessee.

THE ST. LOUIS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets April 1st, over : $1,500,000.

D. A. JANUARY, : President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-President.
WM. T. SELBY, : : Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, Gen'l Agent.

DIRECTORS.

James H. Lucas,	Henry Overdioiz,
Samuel Will,	Nicks Schaefer,
Robt. M. Funkhouser,	William T. Gay,
Chas. H. Peck,	David Keith,
Robt. K. Woods,	E. P. Hanenkamp,
Jules Valle,	Isaac W. Mitchell,
Geo. R. Robinson,	D. A. January,
Chas. W. McCord,	Wm. J. Lewis,
John F. Thornton,	F. Bonler, Jr.,
Ben. M. Runyan,	Jacob Tamm,
	Hon. John Hogan.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by outright by persons in this section. It aims is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

H. LAIRD, : : President.

DIRECTORS:

S. H. DUNSCOMB, R. R. TOWNSEND, A. C. TREADWELL.

BEN MAY, : : Secretary.
mh21 3m

TAILORING, SCOURING

AND

REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS,
54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar31

SALES EXTRAORDINARY!

The finest, most varied and complete stock of

CLOTHING

Formerly owned by

J. H. WAGGENER,

Is now retailed BELOW Eastern COST, by

GEN. FRANK C. ARMSTRONG,

Agent of Purchasers. The whole of this immense and varied stock of the CHEAPEST GOODS EVER BROUGHT TO MEMPHIS

Must be Sold within Sixty Days

Those who call first will have the first choice. Possession of the house must be given within sixty days.

CALL AT ONCE!

City and Country Trade Supplied, Wholesale and Retail.

ap20 tf

ABSTRACT OFFICE.

ROOM NO. 1,

Corner Monroe and Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE, and, after more than 4 years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete abstracts of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.
mh20 tf Successors to Bond & Campbell.

INSURANCE AGENCIES

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : : JUNE 2, 1867

BREVITIES.

—An Exchange calls Secretary Seward the American Bismark. What a satirist!

—The Nebraska legislature met and organized on Friday.

—California is building five important lines of railroads.

—New tomatoes have appeared in the Cleveland market, and are being sold at enormous prices.

—The Cleveland *Herald* says that a child was born in that city a few days since which weighed twenty-one and a half pounds.

—A London court is occupied with a will case whose issues involve the disposal of $8,000,000.

—Boat clubs are organized in the collegiate and commercial institute of New Haven.

—One dry goods house in Chicago last year did a business of $9,200,000, and fifty-eight farms did a business of over $1,000,000.

—The Springfield *Republican* states that the location of the works of the New York watch company in that city is a fixed fact.

—The Paris exhibitors number over 45,000. At the London exhibition in 1862 there were 29,000 exhibitors, and at the Paris exposition in 1855 there were 54,000.

—By the wearing of tilters, it has transpired that the most fashionable color for garters is red.

—Augusta, Georgia, has a floating debt of $412,000, and ten dollars with which to pay it.

—The Ben. Butler club, in New Orleans, carries a transparency with *two crossed spoons* painted on it.

—Alice Cary's new domestic novel, "The Bishop's Son," is already in its third edition, *three thousand*, although published but a fortnight ago.

—At a sale of musical property in London, on Tuesday, a violin by Joseph Guernerius, once the property of Mori, the violinist, though much out of condition, sold for one hundred guineas.

—A hardware manufactory at New Haven gives employment to eight hundred hands, and turns out four thousand different kinds of articles, worth from $4,000,000 to $7,000,000 per year.

—It is but six years ago since the first track of the first street railway was laid down in New Orleans. At the present time there are over eighty miles of track laid in the city, and four great lines now unite their ends on Canal street.

—In Canada there are seventy-three gold mines, employing 705 miners. The yield of gold for the last three months is valued at $600,955.

—In St. Louis Mrs. Eliza S. Perdue has brought suit against James Hall for breach of promise, and lays her damages at $100,000. She believes in high figures.

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MASONIC INTELLIGENCE.

EXTRACTS

From the Liturgy of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States, now in Press.

INTENDANT OF THE BUILDING.

It is the saddest of all sights upon this earth, that of a man lazy and luxurious, or hard and penurious, to whom want appeals in vain, and suffering cries in an unknown tongue. The man whose hasty anger hurries him into violence and crime is not half so unworthy to live. He is the faithless steward, that embezzles what God has given him in trust for the impoverished and suffering among his brethren. The true Mason must be and must have a right to be content with himself; and he can be so only when he lives not for himself alone, but for others also, who need his assistance and have a claim upon his sympathy.

"Charity is the great channel," it has been well said, "through which God passes all his mercy upon mankind. For we receive absolution of our sins in proportion as our forgiving our brother. This is the rule of our hopes and the measure of our desire in this world; and on the day of death and judgment, the great sentence upon mankind shall be transacted according to our alms, which is the other part of charity. God himself is love; and every degree of charity that dwells in us is the participation of the divine nature."

Three principles Masonry reduces to practice. By them it expects you to be hereafter guided and governed. It especially inculcates them upon him who employs the labor of others, forbidding him to discharge them, when to want employment is to starve; or to contract for the labor of man or woman at so low a price that by over-exertion they must sell him their blood and life at the same time with the labor of their hands.

* * * *

The symbols and ceremonies of Masonry have more than one meaning. They rather *conceal* than *disclose* the Truth. They *hint* it only, at least; and their varied meanings are only to be discovered by reflection and study. Truth is not only symbolized by Light, but as the ray of light is separable into rays of different colors, so is truth separable into kinds. It is the province of Masonry to teach *all* truths—not moral truth alone, but political and philosophical, and even religious truth, so far as the science. At the present time there are over eighty miles of track laid in the city, and four great lines now unite their ends on Canal street.

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SUNDAY READING.

JERUSALEM UNDERGROUND.

An account of Signor Pierotti's discoveries in the subterranean topography of Jerusalem has been published. Employed by the Pasha as an engineer, he has discovered that the modern city of Jerusalem stands on seven layers of ruined masonry, the uppermost of which, composed of deeply-bevelled and enormous stones, he attributes to the age of Solomon, the next to that of Zorobabel, the next to that of Herod, the next to that of Justinian, and so on till the times of the Saracens and Crusaders. He has traced a series of conduits and sewers leading from the dome of the rock, a mosque standing on the very side of the altar of sacrifice in the temple, to the valley of Jehoshaphat, by means of which the priests were enabled to flush the whole temple area with water, and thus to carry off the blood and offal of the sacrifices to the brook Kedron. The manner of his explorations was very interesting. He got an Arab to walk up through these immense sewers, ringing a bell and blowing a trumpet, which he himself, by following the sound, was able to trace the exact course they took. Absed two years ago, he accidentally discovered a fountain at the pool of Bethesda; and on his opening it, a copious stream of water immediately began to flow, and has flowed ever since. No one knows from whence it comes or whither it goes. This caused the greatest excitement among the Jews, who flocked in crowds to drink and bathe themselves in it. They fancied it was one of the signs of Messiah's coming, and portended the speedy restoration of their commonwealth. This fountain, which has a peculiar taste, like that of milk and water, is identified by Signor Pierotti with the fountain which Hezekiah built, and which is described by Josephus. The measurements and position of most of these remains accord exactly with the Jewish historian's descriptions. Some of the signor's conclusions are disputed, but no one has succeeded in so disinterring the relics of the holy city.

THE CROSS.

Quaint though the construction of the following poem, yet never has the story of the Cross been told with more truthful simplicity:

Blest they who seek,
While in their youth
With spirit meek,
The way of Truth.

To them the sacred scriptures now display
Christ as the only true and living way;
His precious blood on Calvary was shed,
To make them heirs of endless bliss in Heaven.
And e'en on earth the child of God can trace
The glorious blessings of his Saviour's grace.

For them he bore
His Father's frown;
For them he wore
The thorny Crown;
Nailed to the Cross,
Endured its pain,
That His dear loss,
Might be their gain.
Then haste to choose
That better part,
Nor e'en dare refuse,
The Lord thy heart,
Least He declare
"I know you not;"
And keep despair
Your lot forgot.

Now look to Jesus who on Calvary died,
And trust on Him alone with there was crucified.

A DELIGHTFUL LEGEND.

There is a charming tradition connected with the site on which the temple of Solomon was erected. It is said to have been owned in common by two brothers, one of whom had a family; the other had none. On the eve of having sown a field of wheat. On the evening succeeding the harvest, the wheat having been gathered in separate stacks, the elder brother said to his wife: "My younger brother is unable to bear the burden and heat of the day; he should arise, take off my shocks, and place them with his, without his knowledge." The younger brother being actuated by the same benevolent motives, said, within himself: "My elder brother has a family and I have none; I will contribute to their support." He arose, took off my shocks, and placed them with his, without his knowledge. Judge of their mutual astonishment when on the following morning, they found their domestic shocks undiminished. This course of events transpired for several nights, when each one, still in his own mind, to stand guard and solve the mystery. They did so, when on the following night, they met each other half way between their respective shocks with their armfuls. Upon ground hallowed by such associations as these was the temple of Solomon erected, the most spacious and magnificent, the admiration and wonder of the world. Alas! in these days how many would sooner steal their brother's whole shock than add to it a single sheaf.

A FEW WORDS TO A FATHER.

Take your son for a companion when-ever you conveniently can; it will relieve the already overburdened anxious mother of so much care. It will gratify the boy; it will please the mother; it certainly ought to be a pleasure to you. What mother's eye would not brighten when her child is kindly cared for? And when his eye kindles, his heart beats, and his tongue prattles faster and faster with the idea "of going with father," does she not share no little joy? Happiness and is not her love deepened by her husband's consideration, so just, and yet too often so extraordinary? It will keep him and you out of places, society and temptations into which separately you might enter. It will give you abundant and very favorable opportunities to impart instruction, to infuse and cultivate noble principles, and to develop and strengthen a true manhood. It will enable him to see the world," and to enjoy certain liberty which may prevent that future licentiousness which so often result from a sudden freedom from long restraint.

WHAT HOPE DID—A WORD OF ENCOURAGEMENT.

It stole on its pinions to the bed of disease; the sufferer's frown became a smile—the emblem of peace and love.

It went to the house of mourning, and from the lips of sorrow there came sweet and cheerful songs.

It laid its head upon the arm of the poor, which stretched forth at the command of unholy impulses, and saved him from disgrace and ruin.

It wells like a living thing in the heart of the mother, whose son is tarried long after the promised time of his coming, and saved her from desolation and the "ache that filleth."

It hovered about the head of the youth who had become the Ishmael of society, and led him on to works which even his enemies praised.

It snatched the maiden from the jaws of death, and went with the old man to heaven.

No hope, my good brother? Have it, keep it always with you. Wrestle with it that it may not depart. It may repay you richly. Life is hard enough at best, but hope shall lead you over its mountains, and sustain you amid its billows. Part with all beside, but keep thy hope.

THE DYING YEAR.

Scant leaves upon the aspen
Shake golden in the rain:
Old Year, thy sins are many,
Thy soul is almost ripe.
The beech tree, brazen orange,
Burns like a sunset down;
Old Year, lay down your head,
Doff scepter, robe and crown.

The elm, a yellow mountain,
Is shedding leaf by leaf:
The paling, ling'ring season,
Pour forth their quenchless grief;
The winds, like banished mourning,
Wail in the straggling wood;
Old Year, put off thy splendor,
And doff thy funeral hood.

Lay down thy golden glories,
The dark nights bar the sky—
Skeletons wild and warning,
Quick with the fiery die.
The ashen leaves fly free,
Their life, remember;
Now lay the down and rest;
The grass shall grow above thy head,
And the flower above thy breast.

A BEAUTIFUL THOUGHT.

Life is beautifully compared to a fountain fed by a thousand streams, that perishes if one is dried. It is a silver chord twisted with a thousand strings; that parts asunder if one is broken. Frail and thoughtless mortals are surrounded by innumerable dangers, which make it much more strange that they escape so long, than that they all perish suddenly at last. We are encompassed with accidents every day, to crush the mouldering tenements that we inhabit. The seeds of disease are planted in our constitution by nature. The earth and the atmosphere, whence we draw the breath of life, is pregnant with death. Health is made to operate its own destruction! The food that nourishes contains the elements of decay; the soul that animates it by vivifying fire, tends to wear it out by its own action; death lurks in ambush along our paths. Notwithstanding this is the truth so palpably confirmed by the daily examples before our eyes, how little do we lay it to the heart! We see our friends and neighbors perishing among us, but how seldom does it occur to our thoughts that our knell shall, perhaps, give the next fruitless warning to the world.

FIDELITY.

Never forsake a friend. When enemies gather around—when sickness fails on the heart—when the world is dark and cheerless—is the time to try true friendship. The heart that has been touched with the true gold will redouble its efforts, when the friend is sad and in trouble. Adversity tries real friendship. They who turn from the scene of distress betray their hypocrisy and prove that interest only moves them. If you have a friend who loves you—who has studied your interest and happiness—be sure to sustain him in adversity. Let him feel that his former kindness is appreciated—and that his love was not thrown away. Real fidelity may be rare, but it exists in the heart. Who has not seen and felt its power? They only deny its worth and power who have never loved a friend or labored to make another happy. The good and the kind—the affectionate and the virtuous see and feel the heavenly principle. They would sacrifice wealth an honor to promote the happiness of others, and in return they receive the reward of their love by sympathizing hearts and countless favors, when they have been brought low by disease or adversity.

THE GORILLA.

In his recent lecture in New York, Mons. Du Challu gave a long and scientific account of the gorilla, from which we make the following extract:

In my first explorations I said that the gorilla was not gregarious; this last journey has demonstrated that I was wrong, for I have seen them ten together, but I found them when adults almost always one male with one female. When the male becomes very old he wanders companionless. In such a case as with the "rogue" elephant, he is particularly morose and malignant, and dangerous to approach, and woe to the man who comes suddenly upon one of the old ones; and the hunter who tracks them must be on his guard. I found, sometimes, bands of four or five gorillas. When in company they are generally shy, and then difficult to approach, as their hearing is acute. The adult animal is shy, and I hunted them several times without coming upon my quarry, when I felt sure they were carefully avoiding me. When with their female they are ferocious toward the intruder, and in that case I have never known a grown male to run off.

When I surprised a pair of gorillas, the male, if not eating, was seated by a rock or leaning against a tree; the female feeding near by, always gave the alarm, then running off with loud and sudden cries or shrieks; then the male, rising for a moment with a savage frown on his face, slowly rises to his feet, and looking with glaring eyes at the intruders, begins to beat his breast, and lifting up his round head, utters his frightful roar, sometimes like the lion. The gorilla, to amuse himself roars and beats his breast in the far distance I took it for the muttering of thunder; one day I found that it was a male gorilla roaring to his female, who, after a while, could be heard with a weaker cry. The forest shook with the tremendous voice of this animal. The echoes swelled and died away from hill to hill until the whole forest was full of the din. As I approached I could hear the deep drum-like sound caused by beating his breast with his huge fist. Presently I saw trees crackling, and saw through the woods how every few minutes a sapling was swung about and thrown off. While I was watching these actions the animal, I suppose, became aware of the presence of danger, for presently a dead silence followed on the loud roars, and when, gun in hand, I broke through the woods, my gorilla was gone, but I gained an interesting fact. In examining the wood, I saw for the first time the cause of the great wear there is on the canine teeth of this animal, which I could not account for before, and saw some surprising examples of their strength. Several trees of hard wood, from four to six inches in diameter had been broken by these gorillas, and I found that they had bit into the heart of these trees and eaten out the pith. Now, by the peculiar form of gnawing, I saw at once that it was by this sign that the very singular abrasion of the canines is caused. The strength of the gorilla is evidently enormous; the negroes never attack them with other weapons than guns, and this part of the far interior where guns have not yet reached, this great beast roams, unmolested, the monarch of the forest; but the female, when alarmed, utters a low, kind shriek, with which the watchful mother seems to call her child to her. The young ones have a cry when in distress, but their voice is harsh, and sometimes is more a moan of pain than the shrill cry of infancy. The female gorilla has never more than one young at a time.

On various occasions I have found skulls where the bone canines were broken off. The negroes told me that such teeth were broken in combats between the males for the possession of a female. Many and I think the more probable cause, that combat must form a magnificent and an awful spectacle. The gorilla walks in an erect posture with a greater ease than the chimpanzee. When standing up his knees are bent at the joint outwards and his body stoops forward. The common walk of the gorilla is not on his hind legs, but on all fours. In this posture the arms are so long that the head and breast are raised considerably, and as it runs its hind legs are brought far beneath the body. It can run at great speed. The parties which I met in pursuit never took

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

MEMPHIS.

SUNDAY, [illegible] JUNE 2, 1867

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We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

TO THE READERS OF THE APPEAL.

The constantly enlarging circulation of the APPEAL, and the generous support given to both the Daily and Weekly issues by city and country, assure the proprietors of the general approval by the public of its course since it came into their hands.

Its Past is the pledge it offers for the Future. It will continue to endeavour, in accordance with the motto which it has adopted, to say those things only that are true and honest. It has but a single Client, the People of the South, and it will endeavor to advise its readers wisely. In that it may often fail; but its opinions shall always be honest and conscientious, at least.

Those to whom its conduct is entrusted will continue to endeavor to make the APPEAL acceptable to its readers, and desirable as a medium for advertising. The Masonic column will continue to appear every Sunday, with other reading appropriate to that day: and the proprietors hope, by close attention to the affairs of the papers and office, to still retain it to the support and confidence of the people, on which alone it depends.

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OUR PLATFORM.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all laws, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to the colored race of all the rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION by State or Nation of any honest debt.

NO ESTABLISHMENT of Military Despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commissions, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

APPROVAL of the efforts of the President to prevent the annihilation of civil liberty by the revolutionizing of the Government, and to restore the Union of the States; and of all that he has done to defend the Constitution and to maintain the rightful supremacy of the civil law; and charity and allowance for what he has left undone or done amiss.

MURDER BY MILITARY COMMISSION.

It is not yet two years since a woman was hung in the Capital of the Nation, by sentence of a Military Commission, approved by the President of the United States, and with unusual and indecent haste. To all the people of the Nation, except a very few, Mrs. SURRATT was but a name. For herself there could be but little sympathy, for the death of one obscure person is a matter of little interest, however it may be caused, in a country where fearful accidents are of daily occurrence. We care nothing for Lady LISLE, but we execrate the infernal mockery of justice that condemned her to the scaffold. Mrs. SURRATT is nothing; but the murder of a woman by an unlawful Tribunal, upon the order of the President of the Republic is an outrage that affects every citizen, because it is a violation of the great safeguards of individual liberty and right, of which if one person can be deprived, and the criminals who do the murder go unpunished, the rights and safety of all men will be insecure. The Military Commission in which HUNTER presided takes its infamous place in history by the side of the Bloody Assizes of JEFFRIES; for in each treason was committed against liberty—more infamous, more startling, because JEFFRIES was the creature of a king; and Mrs. SURRATT was strangled to death by a military order, in a country that has a written Constitution which guaranteed to her a fair trial by jury, before a lawful Court; and that country is dishonoured by the violation of this solemn guarantee.

We take the following article from the Baltimore *Gazette:*

The infamy of the military commissions that were set on foot by Judge Advocate General Holt during the war and were kept up after the war had ceased, grows blacker and deeper and more villainous, as fresh revelations are made concerning them. That such commissions should be organized in states wherein the civil courts had at no time been interrupted in their functions was, of itself, a violation of the constitutional rights of the citizen, and the supreme court has declared it. But the scandal of these irresponsible tribunals is as nothing when compared to the uses that were made of them to suppress matters of importance, to choke off testimony that was favorable to the prisoners, and to bang all the machinery of despotism to bear upon their conviction. If it had not been for the quarrel between Butler and Bingham we might never have heard that there was found on the person of Booth, after his mortal wounding, a diary in which he had set down, day by day, the motives that prompted him to the assassination of Mr. Lincoln and the reflections that followed the perpetration of the deed. This diary was taken by Lieut. Conger from the body of Booth, and, together with other articles, was turned over to the keeping of Judge Holt. At the conspiracy trial which followed soon afterwards, all the minor articles, even to a tobacco pipe, were produced and were handed over, one by one, to Lieut. Conger for recognition. But the diary was kept back, and so artfully were the questions framed that not a particle of evidence concerning it was elicited before the commission, and except to a favored few its very existence was unknown until Butler revealed the fact that he had seen it, in a mutilated condition, in the hands of one of the smelling committees of congress. Eighteen pages, embracing the most important portions of the diary, had, at that time, been cut out as if with a knife. Holt has since acknowledged that the diary was given to him immediately upon the arrival of the captors of Booth in Washington. He has not denied, so far as we are aware, that it was perfect when it came into his possession. The contents of the missing eighteen pages must have been known to others, or we could not have been told in part of what they consisted. If the diary was of the little importance he now claims for it, why did he suppress it? If it was not evidence, neither were Booth's tobacco pipe and spurs. The presumption is, that it was of some importance or he would not have kept it secret. The pages that were cut out might have had a momentous influence upon the fate of Mrs. Surratt. They might have confirmed Butler's theory that the kidnapping of Mr. Lincoln and the carrying him a prisoner across the lines was the only thing at first intended, and that the design to assassinate him was formed suddenly, and was swiftly executed. This change of plan may have been really known to not more than two, or at most, three of those who have since been convicted, and either hung or sentenced to penal servitude as accomplices in the great crime. It was also by brutal devices, by mutiny and manacling the prisoners, by browbeating their witnesses, by insolence to their counsel, by the perjury of such men as Conover, by the testimony of Weichman, repeatedly denounced as a liar, and, by poisoning the public mind with reports that were as false as they were base and heartless as they were inhuman, that the bureau of military justice was enabled to carry out its unholy purposes.

The master spirit of this bureau was Judge Advocate General Holt, and Conover, and Hoare, and Snevil, the self-convicted perjurers, were the cherished hirelings that were zealous in his cause. But in all that this man Holt has done, one fixed purpose has been apparent throughout—that was to blacken and defame the character of Mr. Davis. Holt had assured President Johnson that the testimony in possession of the military bureau established conclusively the fact that Mr. Davis and other prominent southern officials were parties to the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, and on the strength of that declaration a reward was offered for their arrest. The assertion of Holt was false, but he sought to make it good by taking into his pay a gang of unscrupulous ruffians who made it their duty to manufacture the evidence that could not otherwise be had. Conover has since been tried and convicted of perjury, but, strange to say, although a considerable time has since elapsed, has never yet been sentenced. Hoare and Snevil and their accomplices are still at large, and have had more than one interview recently with Judge Holt on those easy terms that are becoming in birds of a kindred feather. In spite of all their endeavors, neither the testimony of those suborned for the prosecution nor the garbled Confederate archives of that pliant fool, Dr. Leiber, nor the investigation of the congressional committee, aided by the friendly counsel of Holt himself, have brought to light a single fact to sustain the damning accusation which Holt had levelled at the head of Mr Davis. Even Wirz, the commandant at Andersonville—whose life was sacrificed to appease the northern cry of vengeance and to cover up the criminal conduct of Secretary Stanton in refusing an exchange of prisoners when he knew they were perishing for food—even he, as we now learn from the letter of Mr. Schade, might have been living at this day if he had consented to implicate Mr. Davis in the alleged atrocities committed at Andersonville. The infamous offer to commute his sentence on the condition we have named, was made through Mr. Schade and also Father Boyle, the confessor of Wirz, in the name of "a high cabinet officer," who would have consented to degrade himself by so dastardly an act, and behind him looms up the malign shadow of his prompter.

The *Freeman's Journal* asks why the *Gazette* says nothing of the responsibility of the President for the murder of this woman, and reproduces an article published by it, of which it says:

It was signed "*Fiat Justitia*," and was from the pen of one of the most thoroughbred of the middle-aged lawyers of the country—one who, after presiding for years on one of the highest courts of Ohio, where his opinions are yet in honor, was voted out of function by the elective rule, and is now a respected member of the New York bar. The article made a great sensation at the time, and we think it not out of place to reproduce it here. Its denunciations are none the less burning, that they are couched in the guarded language of moderation—as if it were the death sentence of a culprit—judicially pronounced."

From that article we make these extracts:

One week ago, at the city of Washington, four persons, one of them a woman, were feloniously, and of deliberate and premeditated malice, killed and murdered. The crime was committed under the following circumstances: An unlawful assemblage, acting under the assumed name of a "Military Commission," nothing could be more unmilitary than the business committed to them—went through the whole process of trying, under laws made by themselves, and by rules of evidence manufactured for the occasion, eight defenseless citizens brought before them in manacles, against whom no legal accusation had been preferred. Much valuable time was spent in the examination of witnesses of all shades of character, and in hearing arguments, good, bad and indifferent. But such a "court" may be safely trusted; and no possible harm could result from letting the lawyers have their say, which Mister Bingham—between whom and the "court" a wonderfully good understanding existed—was there to have the last word.

In its final decision, pronounced after a decent show of deliberation, yet with a sufficient promptitude to evince the absence of serious difficulty in reaching its conclusions, the "court" concurred with Mister Bingham, and sentenced four of the prisoners to be hanged, three to be imprisoned for life, and one for six years. This decision was submitted to the president of the United States for his approval. It received the sanction of Andrew Johnson—not the *president*, for he is *that* only when acting within the scope of his constitutional powers—but *one* Andrew Johnson, as we are not framing an indictment, it is unnecessary to be specific as to "his trade," and mystery,") who, without finding it needful to spend much time in reflection, for it was impossible that so *much* evidence should not be *sufficient*, at once issued an order to those whose obedience he possessed the power to enforce, directing the hanging on the following day, of those designated for that purpose.

Next morning, Andrew J. Wylie, "one of the justices of the supreme court of the District of Columbia," issued his writ commanding the female prisoner to be brought before him, that he might inquire touching the legality of her detention. The individual to whom this mandate was directed, referred it to Mr. Johnson, who sent it back to the judge accompanied by a contemptuous, and, were it not that Mr. J. is *now* an exemplary member of the temperance society, we might be tempted to add, "incoherent" message, of which the following is the most intelligible portion: "*I do hereby specially suspend this writ, and direct that you proceed to execute the order heretofore given upon the judgment of the military commission. And you will give this order in return to this writ.*"

Was ever the "insolence of office," or rather of official usurpation—for, we repeat it, an officer exceeding his authorized powers, *quoad* the excess, ceases to be an officer—made more offensively conspicuous? Waiving all question as to what department of the government is entrusted with the power of suspending the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*, that it can be suspended only "when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it," in the face of the express language of the constitution, no one will have the hardihood to deny. Did either of the exigencies contemplated by the constitution, exist at Washington on the 7th day of July, 1865? Was the emergency of "rebellion or invasion," accompanied by circumstances which imperiled the public safety, then existing at that place? If not, the special suspension by Andrew Johnson of the writ issued by Judge Wylie, commanding Gen. Hancock to produce the body of Mary E. Surratt, together with "the cause of her being taken and detained," unless the wrong be speedily and adequately redressed, not lawlessly, but *by law*, will stand recorded as the most impudent outrage upon liberty ever submitted to by a free people.

When the law, through its minister, had proclaimed its inability to vindicate its insulted majesty, or to afford protection to the life of the citizen, the daughter of the unhappy woman threatened with a death of shameful violence, sought access to the man with whom it rested, by a word, to avert the impending blow. At the threshold she was stayed by an armed guard with the ungracious information, "The President has given orders to admit no one to-day." He to whom the law had confided the dispensation of mercy, had shut himself up from the voice of intercession. Did he fear lest its appeal should stir his sympathies? He knew not himself; the apprehension was vain. Faith to the end, he calmly suppressed murmur of applause and delight; and his eloquent and touching address went round the court as he stepped back, but it was of course instantly suppressed by the officials of the court.

THE SENTENCE.

A few remarks were made by Doran, when the lord chief justice delivered sentence, closing as follows:

"That sentence is, that you and each of you shall be taken from where you now stand to the place from whence you came, and that on Wednesday, the 29th of May, you be drawn on a hurdle from that place to the place of execution, and that there you and each of you shall be hanged by the neck until you are dead; and that afterwards your heads be severed from your bodies, and the body of each of you, divided into four quarters, shall be disposed of as her majesty or her executive shall think fit and proper. And may the Lord have mercy on your souls."

Iron Ship.

The Atlanta *New Era* gives the following:

One of the finest iron ships that ever visted our waters, says the Savannah *News and Herald* of Friday, arrived here yesterday. She is a British vessel, named the Allahabad, commanded by Capt. Stevenson, and is twenty-two days from Guadalupe, to which port she brought a cargo of 450 coolies from China, thirteen of whom died on the passage. Her hull, masts and spars are all iron, and her rigging is composed of wire. She is consigned to C. Green & Son, who will load her for either Liverpool or London with cotton.

CONDENSED DECISIONS

—OF THE—

SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE.

JACKSON: MAY TERM, 1867.

REPORTED FOR THE APPEAL

BY H. CLAY KING, Esq.

No. 12.—Thos. Morrisay vs. Mosby, Ex., etc.

Bill filed in Memphis chancery to declare an absolute deed from Morrisay to Thos. W. Hunt, testator of defendant's, a mortgage. Held: That the testimony in this case, although somewhat contradictory in minor details, sufficiently shows the deed to be a mortgage, which being so held by the chancellor, his decree is affirmed.

No. 13.—Polk vs Kelly Nolan. Memphis Chancery.

Decree below simply affirmed.

No. 14.—Donegan vs. Donegan, etc.

This is a bill filed for partition of land. The bill and amended bill allege that the land was bought by one of a firm with partnership funds; that the partnership was dissolved, and that a third party was setting up an adverse claim to the same land, and that there was also a dispute as to a street opened on the land by the city of Memphis. One of the defendants demurred to the bill, on the ground of multifariousness, which demurrer was sustained by the chancellor, and separate bills were ordered to be filed to settle the disputed questions of title before proceeding with the bill for partition. Decree of the chancellor sustaining the demurrer affirmed.

No. 15.—Hoog vs. Avery. Memphis Chancery.

Held: 1. As a general rule the plaintiff and defendant to a suit may compromise the same, and in such event the attorney of the plaintiff would have no lien on the property in contest for his fee. 2. But, if the plaintiff and defendant collusively compromise with the intent to defeat the attorney's claim for his legal services, such action would be a fraud on the rights of the attorney; and, the attorney would be permitted to prosecute the suit against the defendant for his benefit.

STATE ITEMS.

—A reign of terror exists in Franklin county, caused by Brownlow's *armed mob*, yclept militia. On Wednesday night a citizen's meeting held at Winchester, a man named Brown was shot dead by these lawless miscreants, and other citizens were shot at for no cause whatever, other than their conservative politics. Many are hiding to avoid being murdered, and a petition has been sent to President Johnson for military protection for the lives and property of the people.

—The *Daily American Union* says of the meeting at Chattanooga: For nearly six hours yesterday a crowd of from fifteen hundred to two thousand people sat or stood in the Union passenger depot and listened to the speeches of Hon. Emerson Etheridge and Col. William B. Stokes. The whites occupied one side of the house, if we may so express it, and blacks the other. A dozen or so of the white women were present, but on the other side of the house nearly one half of those present were women. The colored men did not show quite as much respect for Mr. Etheridge as was shown Col. Stokes by the white men, and we were sorry to see it. Every gentleman should be allowed free swing and not be interrupted. While Mr. Etheridge was speaking they would cheer for Brownlow and Stokes, groan for Etheridge, whistle and make all sorts of noises. It required no prophet to foresee trouble in this line.

—The *Banner* of the 30th says: Day before yesterday, a heavy storm visited many counties, driving eastward from Columbia, uprooting huge trees and blowing over a great many negro huts about Mt. Pleasant. The roof of Gen. Pillow's house was blown off. We hear of no one being hurt.

—An extensive land slide on the M. C. & L. road occurred last Sunday, at Tennessee Ridge. The track, which was covered with several feet of earth, was cleared away after considerable exertions on the part of the roadmaster and his working corps.

—Isvt. Gen. Whipple, chief of staff to Gen. Thomas, was in Nashville on Thursday.

—The historical society of Nashville, has adjourned its sessions during the warm season, and will not meet again until September.

—The radical ticket at the convention held in Shelbyville on Monday, is Geo. Thompson for re-election to legislature, and Wm. H. Wisener to state senate.

—A plunderer, not a thousand miles from Nashville, was recently prevented, just as the damsel was descending from a window to join her enamoured swain, by her vigilant mamma's seizure of her tiller, which the young lady could not under the circumstances, *conveniently* abandon, if disposed her preference for the youth had exceeded her attachment to this article of female adornment.

—An old darkey in West Tennessee says the tax of fifteen dollars a tale on cotton is nothing, but two dollars a gallon on whisky is awful.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Gov. Wells, of California, will make New Orleans his home.

The friends of Ketchum, the forger, are making strenuous efforts to procure a pardon for the culprit.

Morphy, the chess player, is to take part in the coming chess congress in Paris.

Miss Anna Dickinson is said to be treating with the radical "national" committee for a course of lectures to the freedmen.

Bishop Whitehouse has been lecturing in Chicago on the significance of the early christian inscriptions remaining at Rome.

The ex-Emperor Soloupe is living in elegant style at Curacoa. He is reported to have a large fortune in the bank of England.

Lord Brougham has settled a scandalous case for $5000, besides costs. He was threatened disgraceful developments unless he complied.

The foreign newspapers announce the sudden death, from apoplexy, of Madame Persiani, the Italian singer, who some years ago was very popular in London.

An historical society has been established at St. Petersburg, with the soleobject of searching for historical documents of the time of Peter the Great.

Cardinal Corst will, with Cardinals d'Astelis and Patrizi, be put forward by the reactionists as a candidate for the papacy. Cardinal Morichini, on the other hand, is the favorite candidate of the liberals.

Charles Dickens is preparing an entirely new edition of all his works, which is to be published through his London publishers, Chapman & Hall, and to be called "The Charles Dickens Edition."

The Silk Plant.

The department of state has received information from the United States consul at Lambayque, Peru, that an important discovery has been recently made in Peru of the silk plant. Preparations are being made to cultivate it on an extensive scale. The shrub grows three or four feet in hight, and the silk is inclosed in a pod, of which each plant gives a great number, and is declared to be superior in fineness and quality to the production of the silk worm. It is a wild perennial, the seeds small, and easily separated from the fibre. The stems of the plant produce a long and very brilliant fibre, superior in strength and beauty to the finest linen thread. Small quantities have been woven in the rude manner of the Indians, and the texture and brilliancy are said to be unsurpassed.

Preaching and the Heated Term.

The New York *Express* is out in an article on the heart pulpits in the summer season. It is said that many of the churches are closed in New York during the summer, while the minister who is drawing a large salary is enjoying the gay world at Saratoga or some other fashionable summer resort. The injunction to preach the Gospel was not restricted to the pleasant seasons of the year, but is as important and as effective in midsummer as in the balmy spring time. The congregations are to blame, as they could keep their minister at his post if they desired to hear him in the hot, sultry summer time.

President Finney, of Oberlin, lately prayed for the congressman from that district:

"O Lord if thou canst manage him without crushing him, spare him; otherwise crush him!"

That reminds us of a Mormon preacher who prayed for an unjust neighbor:

"O Lord take John Smith by the slack of his breeches, and shake him over hell, but don't drop him in!"

At a tableau exhibition in Auburn New York, the following vegetable poem was produced:

Onion garden bed reclining
Beets a youth his seeding head;
Cauliflowers! Lo, weeds confront me:
Indians! more, we sadly said,
Carrots out the stoutest manhood,
Peas my wearied soul doth nest;
Bean O! stem for me hereafter,
Else my heart will go to seed!

MARRIED.

KIRWAN—YATES.—On June 1, 1867, by R. B. Miller, Esq., at the residence of the bride, Col. A. G. Kirwan and Mrs. A. M. Yates, both of this city.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

ALEXANDER.—The friends and acquaintances of James C. and Mary Alexander are invited to attend the funeral of their infant daughter STELLA NORTON, from their residence on the Raleigh road, east of the Bayou, on Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

Service by Rev. Mr. Vaulx.

Carriages in attendance at residence, and J. C. Holst & Co., 320 Main street. jel 2t

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The extraordinary number of 18,004 votes have been registered here, whereof 8219 are colored. The number of votes cast for municipal officers one year ago was 5783.

Notwithstanding statements to the contrary, Surratt will be tried on Monday week, under the indictment already found against him.

LOUISVILLE, June 1.—The river is falling, with nine feet five inches in the canal.

The Legal Tender left for New Orleans this evening, with a full trip.

BOSTON, June 1.—Gov. Bullock has vetoed the bill for the annexation of Roxbury to Boston because there was no provision for its submission to the people.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—Hon. L. D. Campbell has received letters from Matamoras confirming the fall of Queretaro and the capture of Maximilian and his generals.

Mr. Marshall, the consul at Matamoras, arrived here to-night. He brings no later intelligence.

Letters received here by imperialists, dated Monterey, the 21st ult., make no mention of the capture of Maximilian, which looks significant.

Advices from Havana of the 28th ult., say the United States steamers Mohongahela, Peoria and Saratoga arrived at St. Thomas on the 15th ult. It is surmised that they have gone there to take possession of the island.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—Montano dates to the 18th ult., state that Gen. Meagher had raised a force of 10,000 men, and taken the field against the hostile Indians.

A band of Indians had attacked a small body of troops, crossing from Fort Cummings to Fort McRae, New Mexico, on the 28th of March and drove them back.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, June 1, p.m.—Cotton closed firm; sales of 20,000 bales; uplands, 11½d. Breadstuffs unchanged. Provisions firm. Bacon, 48s. Other markets unchanged.

LONDON, June 1.—The bank of England expects to reduce the rate of discount further within a few days. Consols 90¾. American securities firm and unchanged. Five-twenties, 73½. Erie, 40½. Illinois Central 77½. Sugar firm 24s 3d.

PARIS, June 1.—The bank of France has reduced its rates of discount.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The remains of Artemas Ward arrived last night per steamer Dutchman, and will be taken to Maine to-morrow for interment.

LONDON, June 1, p.m.—Consols closed at 90; 5-20s, 73½. Illinois Central 78½. Erie 40½.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—The Sacramento sailed for Panama to-day with $1,586,000 in specie.

The recent report that the American bark ROVER has been wrecked on the southern end of the Island of Tomera, and that the crew were murdered by the natives, is confirmed.

The crew of the ship Parole, hence to Hong Kong, mutinied, but the officers, after a short fight and killing one and wounding two or three, succeeded in putting the mutineers in irons.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—Cotton active and higher, sales 9200 bales; low middling, 23c; receipts, 4489 bales, exports, 800 bales. Sugar and molasses, no sales; holders asking 1c advance on Cuba sugar. Flour, superfine, $10@11 25; there is a difference of $1 in favor of French flour on all grades. Corn unchanged. Oats, 95@98c. Lard tierces, 13c. Keg, 14½@14¾c. Bacon shoulders, 9½@9¾; ribsides, 12@12¾c; clearsides, 13½c. Pork dull, $24@24 50. Coffee, prime, 24c. Gold, 36; sterling, 47@51; New York sight, ¼ premium.

ST LOUIS, June 1.—Tobacco steady. Flour heavy and drooping; choice fall, $9 50 superfine, $10; XX $13@14. Wheat unchanged; fair fall, $2 50. Corn dull and lower, 80@83c. Oats heavy and lower, 50@53c. Rye easier, $1 40@1 50. Provisions dull; mess pork, $22 50; bacon shoulders, 9c; packed clear sides, 12½@12¾c; canvassed hams, 14c. Lard quiet and nominal, 12½@12¾c in tierces, and 13c in kegs. Whisky dull and nominal.

LOUISVILLE, June 1.—Tobacco is active; sales 270 hhds light logs $2 75@3 95; medium leaf $14 15; Owen county $24@30. Flour dull; superfine $9 25@9 75; No. 1 X $15. Baled hay declined, $14@15. Wheat nominal. Corn 90@95c. Oats in bulk 80@85c. Rye coffee 2½@2¾c. Pork $22 25. Bacon shoulders 9½c packed; clear sides 12½@12¾c. Lard 12½@13c. Raw whisky $2 22. Beef.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Cotton firmer; sales, 2000 bales; uplands, 27½@28c. Flour dull, heavy and 10@15c lower; superfine state and western, $9 50@10 25. Whisky firmer; western, in bond, $2 30@2 35. Wheat dull and 2@3c lower. Corn unchanged; new mixed western, $1 17@1 18. Oats, 72@73c lower; western, 80c. Rice quiet. Cuba steady; Cuba, 10½@11½. Havana, 12c. molasses quiet. Pork quiet and heavy, $23 25 cash. Money is fairly active at 6@7 for call loans; sterling firm, and 9 days' bills, 10½@10¾; gold, 36½. Exports to-day, $300,000 for the week, $977,643. Governments firmer. Stocks steady. Western Union telegraph stocks, 34@34¾. Tennessee bonds, 67@68.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—Flour is dull; family, $8; fancy, $8 50. Corn is dull at 85c in elevator. Oats, 77c. Rye, $1 70. Cotton firmer; middling, 23c. Whisky is dull at 30@31c in bond. Provisions steady. Pork, $22 50. Bacon is firm at 9c and 13c for shoulders and clear sides. Lard, 12c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PAVING.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 1, 1867.

Bids for paving the following streets with Nicolson pavement will be received at this office until the 22d day of June, 1867, to wit: MAIN, from Auction to Southern street; POPLAR, from Front street to Boundary avenue; JEFFERSON, from Front to its intersection with Carolina Road; BEALE, from Bishop to Decatur street; SHELBY, from Union to South street; DESOTO, from Madison to South street; CAMPBELL, from the bayou to Charleston avenue; and CHARLESTON AVENUE, from the bayou to the Memphis and Charleston R. R.

TERMS OF PAYMENT—Memphis City Bonds, payable as five, ten and fifteen years, in equal proportions, with six per cent. coupons attached, payable semi-annually. Principal and interest guaranteed and provided for by a sinking fund set aside for that purpose.

Plans and specifications may be seen in the Office of the City Engineer. Bids must be sealed and directed to the Mayor and Finance Committee.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

jed 1w

ELSONS

AGAIN IN THE FIELD.

Not Afraid of any Honorable Competition.

Not to be Undersold by Anyone.

ANOTHER GREAT, CLEARING SALE TO COMMENCE MONDAY AND CONTINUE UNTIL OUR ENTIRE

SUMMER STOCK IS REDUCED.

GOODS TO BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST.

EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

EVERYTHING MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES, AND THERE WILL

BE NO DEVIATION FROM PRICE.

All of our CALICOES reduced down to 12 cents—best brands.

BED TICKING, from 17 to 35 cents.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS at very low prices.

Come and Examine Our Prices.

WHITE GOODS—a special bargain.

WHITE JACONETS, from 12½ to 50 cents—a very fine article.

CHECK MUSLINS, from 25 to 35 cents.

NAINSOOKS, from 15 to 35 cents.

WHITE BUSH LINEN, only 45 cents per yard—rich & worth $1.

TABLE LINENS, at only 50 cents per yard—1¼ yards wide.

MARSEILLES QUILTS, 10-4, at only $2 50—cheap at $5

Remember, this is a Clearing Sale, and We MUST sell the Goods prior to receiving our Fall Stock.

KID GLOVES, at only 75 cents per pair.

LACE POINTS, slightly damaged by water, at from $2 to $5.

SILK SACQUES—will be sold at 50 per cent. less than New York cost—slightly damaged.

☞ Remember,

ELSON BROS.'

MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE,

No. 297 MAIN STREET.

STRICTLY SELECT SCHOOL FOR NEXT YEAR.

MR. VIGUS will open his School in a central situation, on MONDAY, Sept. 9, 1867, without Assistants. As five numbers of pupils will be very limited, it is not open to general patronage. Such youths only as can be educated will be received, and they must be entered for nine months and not less before the 6th June proximo; after that date none can be received. my26 6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A PHYSICIAN of eight years' practice, who served as a FULL SURGEON in the Confederate Army, and who is at present doing a respectable country practice near Memphis, is desirous of forming an association with some city Physician needing an assistant. Such professional capacity as will satisfy the most scrupulous. For further information apply at this office. jed 1w

SELECT and cheap BOARDING

A FEW DESIRABLE ROOMS, either furnished or unfurnished, to rent, with board, to either gentlemen or families, convenient to business, within one square of Court square, and at the most reasonable rates, at No. 330 Second street, near Madison. jed 1f

MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, Jewelry,

Silver and Plated Ware; Watchmakers and Manufacturing Jewelers,

275 MAIN STREET,

Opp. South Court St. MEMPHIS, TENN.

NOTICE.

MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867.

A Transcript of the Charter of Incorporation of the Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tennessee, June 1, 1867, the following officers were elected:

M. WICKS, President.
A. SCHUMACHER, Vice-President.
J. HEADINGTON, Secretary.
W. G. McCLURE, Treasurer.
J. H. EDMONDSON, Sec'y.

The Stockholders are requested to call at the office of the Company, No. 5, Jefferson street, to pay the first calls of 10 per cent. on or before the 15th instant.

By order of Board of Directors.

jed 1t J. H. EDMONDSON, Sec'y.

JAMES D. RUFFIN, DeSoto Co., Miss. T. C. FINNEY, Memphis.

RUFFIN, FINNEY & CO.,

(Successors to Normand, Ruffin & Finney).

Cotton Factors

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 15 Union Street,

(Up-stairs in Lee Block—Rooms, Nos. 11 and 12,)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Liberal cash advances will be promptly attended to. jed 1f

BARTLETT'S

PATENT POLAR REFRIGERATOR

AND

Water-Cooler Combined

IS the best and only perfect PROVISION PRESERVER in the world, and will keep Meats, Fish, Milk, Vegetables, Fruits, etc., longer, dryer and sweeter than ICE, than any other Refrigerator in use.

The Polar Refrigerator

Is the only one patented having a condensing surface exposed to the provision chambers to extract the moisture and impurities from the air. Sold only by

jed 1w BARTLETT & ROBINSON, BRYSON & CO.

RESTAURANT AND SALOON,

BANK ALLEY,

(Two Doors Below Madison Street.)

WE have opened a DRINKING SALOON and RESTAURANT at the above place and offer

Pure Liquors and Good Living

at moderate prices, as our endeavements for the patronage of our old friends and patrons.

jed 1m CHARLES BLANTZ

White House

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STAND.

THE finest Domestic and Imported Cigars always on hand. Also, the celebrated brands

Cape Jessamine

AND

HOLLAND'S EMPRESS

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Also, a great variety of the choicest quality of

SMOKING TOBACCO.

STOCK PEAS,

CEMENT,

Lime and Plaster,

PAPER AND PAPER BAGS,

For sale at

R. G. CRAIG & CO.'S SEED STORE,

279 Main street, Jackson Block,

Memphis, Tenn.

TO THE TRADE.

JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE LOT OF

BUCKETS,

TUBS,

CHURNS,

TRAYS, ETC.

DIRECT FROM FACTORIES,

Which we offer to the Trade at

REDUCED RATES.

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO.,

No. 330 Main Street.

jed 1f

Trustee's Sale.

IN pursuance of a deed of trust executed to me by G. A. Fenerstack, dated July 14, 1866, and duly recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., in book No. 57, part 26, pages 293, 297 and 298, for the purpose of securing certain notes therein specified, and in default of payment having been made, I will, on

Saturday, the 22d Day of June, 1867,

between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock a.m., at the southeast corner of alley between Main and Front, on Madison, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, a certain lot or parcel of ground, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, known and described as follows, being about five miles east of the city of Memphis, on the waters of Cypress creek, and known upon W. Armour's subdivision of his plan of lots in the Garrett tract as drawn by Grider & Funiack, civil engineers, and known upon said plan as Lot No. (8) eight; beginning on the southeast corner of the intersection of Grau and Rucker avenues as laid down upon said plat; thence eastwardly with the south line of said Grau ave nue twelve hundred and seventy-eight feet (12.8 feet) to the lands of the late John Pope; thence southwardly three hundred and twenty-seven feet five-tenth (327 5-10th feet) to a stake; thence westwardly twelve hundred and seventy-eight feet (1278 feet) to Rucker avenue; thence northwardly with the east line of Rucker avenue three hundred and twenty-seven feet five-tenth (327.5 10th feet) to the beginning, containing one sixty-one-hundredth acres (9 61-100 acres).

The title to said property is believed to be good, but I will sell and convey only as trustee. Right of redemption waived.

jed 1ds HORACE E. GARTH, Trustee

Masonic.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Officers and members of Angerona Lodge, No. 168, are notified to attend the Annual Communication, on Monday Evening, the 3d inst., at 7½ o'clock, for the regular dispatch of business, and to elect officers for the ensuing Masonic year. All Masons in good standing are fraternally invited to attend.

D. C. TRADER, W. M.

JOHN BRANISH, Ass't Sec'y. jed 2t

JERRY LEWIS,

DEALER in Green Vegetables, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce. Steamboats, Hotels, Restaurants and Private Families supplied on shortest notice. Depot, in Bradley Block, on Water street, between Adams and Jefferson, Memphis, Tenn.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of S. R. CLARKE & CO., Insurance Agents, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

S. R. CLARKE.
Memphis, May 28, 1867. D. A. CLARKE.
S. D. McCLURE.

Notice of Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a General Fire, Marine and Life Insurance Business, under the name and style of S. R. CLAEKE & CO.

S. R. CLARKE.
COLTON GREENE.
Memphis, June 1, 1867. W. R. LUCAS. 1f

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES,

LIQUORS,

Foreign Fruits,

AND PRODUCE.

No. 262 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

AT COST!

Extraordinary Inducements!!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR large Fall Importations from Paris, we will sell the following articles strictly at cost:

All our Silks, Lace Points, Silk Sacques, Bonnets.

All our White Goods, Swiss, Jaconet, Nainsooks, Tarletons, etc., etc.

All our Hosieries, Silk Mits, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, etc., etc.

The following articles we have marked down, and will sell at a great reduction in price:

Ribbons, Buttons, Flowers, Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, Waists, Yokes and Bands, and all other Fancy Goods, etc., etc.

We will continue to sell at the above rates until our stock is reduced sufficiently. Ladies will consult their interest by taking advantage of the inducements offered.

jed 1w L. KREMER.

LUMBER.

Shingles,

Doors,

Sash,

Blinds

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN W. SMITH is a candidate for re-election to the office of State Senator for the 5th District, composing the counties of Shelby and Fayette, election on the first Thursday in August. sp24tf

FOR CONGRESS.

Mr. Editor: Please announce me as a candidate for re-election to Congress, with the Written Constitution and the unqualified indorsement of the administration of Andrew Johnson as my platform of principles, which will be more clearly defined in my forthcoming "circular address," and a personal interview prior to the election.

apr19 te JOHN W. LEFTWICH.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—

A Gentleman and Lady or small Family can obtain Board with all the advantages of a country home, within a few squares of a street railroad. For further particulars address "F," App al office. my30 1w

BOARDING—

A Gentleman and Lady or a small Family can get a comfortable new Room with Board at the northeast corner Adams and Fourth streets. Apply on the premises, or to Dr. ROGERS, corner Madison and Main streets. my31w

WANTS.

WANTED—

An industrious Scotchman who has served his apprenticeship at the Carpenter's trade in Scotland desires a situation or employment. my29 1t

WANTED, AGENTS—$70 per Month, the year round, or $20 per cent. profit on commission. We guarantee the above salary or commission to active Lightning agents at their own homes, to introduce a staple article of indispensable utility in every household. For full particulars call on or address W. JACKSON & CO., 41 South street, Baltimore, Md. my 19 1m*

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own interests. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is ten times superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle. It is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—gets even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man or men engrave, and the right to a State is untold wealth.

For further information, call on or address

H. C. Dewitt & Co.,

24 Madison street, corner Main,

my18 1m Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—

THE PUBLIC TO KNOW

That any Book that is to be had at any of the bookstores in the city, is for sale or to lend at

J. R. SUTTON'S Circulating Library,

my17 1m 244 Third street, near cor. Jefferson

LOST—FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID—

A certificate for four shares of capital stock in the Memphis and Ohio Railroad Company; said certificate numbers three hundred and eight, and issued May 14th, 1857, to Wm. English, now deceased, for which I intend to apply to the Treasurer of the Company for a duplicate of the same. JOHN McGRATH,

Executor of said Wm. English's Estate.

my29 3w*

LOST OR MISLAID—

A Certificate calling for Four Shares of Stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company; said Certificate numbered six hundred and fifty-seven, and issued March 31, 1857, to one William English, now deceased, for which I intend to apply to the Treasurer of the Company for a duplicate of the same.

JOHN McGRATH,

Executor of said William English's Estate.

my24 3w*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—

Several Dwelling Houses on Fourth, Vance, Hernando and Mosby Streets. Rents moderate.

For Lease—several Lots in North and South Memphis and Fort Pickering. Apply to

A. CORDES,

jel tf 38 Front street.

FOR RENT—

House in Chelsea, opposite W. Berges, occupied by G. R. Brooks, has five rooms, kitchen, servants' room and every convenience. Rent $45, monthly in advance. Apply to J. C. Baker, or SCHOOLFIELD & HANAUER,

May 30 1w 230 Front Street.

FOR RENT—

A neat Residence with four rooms, pantry, kitchen, servants' room, neatly papered, with good cistern, etc. Possession given immediately. Apply at Avery street, No. 82. my28 1w

FOR RENT—

ROOMS and OFFICES in Bethel's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BOTTORFF, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No 1 and 2. my22 tf

FOR RENT—

Two new Dwelling Houses, nearly finished, with all modern conveniences, on Linden street, between Lauderdale and Orleans streets, in one of the best neighborhoods in the city and healthful part of the city. The street railroad running within a few steps of the door. Rent moderate. Inquire of J. J. HAWKINS,

No. 254 Front street.

May 14, 1867. my15 1w

FOR RENT—

Fine large Basement Store, corner of Jefferson and Main streets. For terms apply to

LYONS, FIES & CO.,

my8 tf No. 258 Main street.

FOR RENT—

The STORE-HOUSE, on Second street, known as the OLYMPIC.

ALSO,

The ARCADE LIVERY STABLE, on the alley south of Madison street, between second and Third streets.

ap23 tf GANTT & WADDELL.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

A first class

LAGER BEER SALOON.

Inquire of D. H. EVANS,

my26 tf 16 Monroe street, Memphis.

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 90,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Hempstead counties, Arkansas.

This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash, and the remainder at one and two years, without Interest.

Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.

These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.

Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,

Attorneys at Law,

my24 tf 283 Main street, Memphis

PLANTATION AND NEW STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A PAYING INvestment. The plantation is known as the town of "Lake Bluff," on White river, Ark., 18½ miles above Helena and 90 miles below Memphis and Little Rock railroad crossing, containing between four and five hundred acres, about one hundred cleared (the rest above the late overflow), the remainder heavily timbered, together with the whole or half interest in a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, of forty horse power, Engine, Blacksmith's Shop, Carpenter's Tools, Wagons and all necessary appurtenances for running the same. There is a fine Mansion with nine rooms, a Cistern, (capacity 800 gallons), three Cabins, a Warehouse, two good Wood Yards, and the best Landing on the river. The above will be sold at low figures and on easy terms. For further particulars address Mrs. M. C. BLAKE,

my14 tf Arpeal Office.

Valuable Cotton Plantation for Sale

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 1st of June next (possession to be given on the 1st of January next), the Ditch-ey Plantation, formerly owned by Mrs. Sarah A. Nutt, situated in the county of Madison, about 4 miles above Milliken's Bend Landing, Louisiana. The plantation has a front on the Mississippi river about one mile, with a fine levee and a making bank. It contains in all about eight hundred (800) acres of land, of which three hundred (300) acres are in cultivation. It is located in the center of the best cotton region of the United States, and there is no cotton plantation on the Mississippi river more thoroughly ditched and drained, and better so well improved. The improvements consist of a new dwelling house 8 large and elegant steam gin, sawmill and grist mill, 2 stables, 2 barns, quarters, cisterns, etc. The improvements alone could not be placed there for less than $20,000. The plantation is leased this year for six thousand dollars. There is no question as to title.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

my9 3w ANDREW R. HYNES, Trustee.

To the Public.

E. KECK & BRO. have again resumed the Livery Business, in their new, fine STABLE, No. 299 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal.

Special attention given to Boarding, and to the sale of Horses and Mules. Also, the Storage of every variety of merchandise.

my12 1m E. KECK & BRO.

SCHEIBLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hides, Leather

AND SHOE FINDINGS,

No. 7 Adams Street.

my8 1m

Billiard Tables for Sale.

SIX BILLIARD TABLES FOR SALE CHEAP. Apply to D. H. EVANS,

my12 tf 14 Monroe street.

WHITEMAN BROS.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

PRINTING PAPER,

No. 39 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville.	No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

A. O. SHULTZ,

PRACTICAL

LOCKSMITH, SAFE MAKER,

MACHININST AND

GENERAL IRONWORKER,

No. 119 Jefferson Street,

Between Third and Fourth Streets,

Is prepared again to do all work connected with the above branches, from the plain Key or Safe to the manufacturing of complicated Burglar Proof Safes. Come and see, and encourage home manufactures.

☞ Particular attention paid to Repairing Safes. All work warranted. ap16 3m

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

SUNDAY, ... JUNE 2, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Express	1:40 a.m.	6:30 a.m.
Mail	1:40 p.m.	6:30 p.m.
Somerville Accommodation	5:30 a.m.	3:40 p.m.
Junction Accommodation	9:45 a.m.	12:30 p.m.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE:	DEPART
New Orleans Express daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Freight, daily	5:45 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:15 p.m.	4:45 a.m.
To commence Sunday, May 5th		

my1 C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 3:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 p.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

H. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

Notice.

The public are hereby notified not to pay to any one any bills due THE APPEAL, for advertising since January 31st, unless they have written authority from me.

JOHN AINSLIE,

Cashier and Manager.

To the Patrons of the Appeal.

You are requested not to pay any carriers without a certificate from me, and to report at the counting desk any irregularity in carriers. L. DAVIES.

READ, EVERYBODY.—Tickets in the first drawing of the Southern Asylum, by which the cheapest property on its lists will be disposed of, will be sold up to the 10th of June, when the books will be closed. Order tickets through the office on the east side of Court square. For the convenience of the public the office will hereafter be kept open till seven o'clock in the evening.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—There will be services in this church at the usual hours to-day. Rev. A. B. Miller, pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and Rev. A. C. Carpenter, A. M., of Miss., at 8 in the evening.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at this church, corner Linden and Mulberry streets, this morning at 11 o'clock and at 8 o'clock p.m.

NEWS IN BRIEF.—A crazy negro was picked up on the levee yesterday by a metropolitan and put in one of the strong cages on Adams street.

—The colored boy Wesley Jones, who stole the money from a colored matron at the pic nic on Friday, was brought before a magistrate yesterday and "sent up accordin'."

—Fred. Fennell, a boy about the color of a ginger cake, was committed yesterday by Mr. Justice Black on a charge of grand larceny.

—Mollie Patton, a chocolate colored female, was up before Justice Hall yesterday on a charge of taking somebody else's property. He referred the subject matter of the complaint to the criminal court.

—Henry Turnage getting tired of his old wife, took her clothes and got a new spouse. Wife No. 1 objected and sued out a warrant before Sq. Justice Creighton yesterday. Recky was arrested and locked up.

—A portion of the brick wall in the rear of the new iron front building on Madison street, fell with a crash about six o'clock last evening. Nobody injured. The next house had a small hole knocked through its side.

—The weather yesterday was variable—sunshine in the morning, rain in the evening, clear and pleasant at night.

—The water carts will not be needed for a week. Main street is a slough of mud, and the crossings horrible. Oh for the pavement!

—The children of the First Baptist Sabbath school each contributed either money or clothes to the orphans at Leah section, on whose grounds they held their pic nic. Noble!

—An attempt at suicide was made yesterday by a man named O. H. Ross. He threw himself in the river at the foot of Gayoso street, but was rescued by Capt. Jack Reed, of engine No. 2, and others. No cause assigned for the attempt.

—Some adroit thief, supposed to be a negro, entered the residence of E. M. Appersman and got off with a valuable gold watch.

—A carpenter, whose name we did not learn, fell off the awning on Jefferson street, between Main and Front streets, about dark last evening. He was stunned by the fall and the musical organ was badly smashed.

—The attentive Ed. McCormick, of the Southern express company, daily places us under obligations for the latest papers from all points in advance of the mails, for which we desire to return Him our hearty thanks.

—The Memphis gas company still continues to lay the necessary pipes ahead of the pavement.

—The Peoria runs regularly to Mound City, where the Jones boys keep a first class hotel.

LEE ACADEMY ANNUAL FETE.—The voting for the prizes to be awarded at the Lee Academy Annual Fete is becoming quite exciting. At H. H. Clarke & Co's jewelry store there is a very handsome three hundred dollar diamond ring to be voted to the most popular lady in Memphis. The ladies already nominated and being voted for, are Mrs. M. C. Gallaway, Mrs. Flora Tapley, Misses Sallie Eola Reneau, Belle Elder, Fannie Molloy, Maria Holst, Geotzin Bayliss. No doubt the names of others will be presented soon, and their friends will be at work for them. Of course, every lady's friends think she is entitled to the ring; let them move it by going to Clarke's and voting for it to her. There are a great many popular ladies in Memphis, and they have a great many friends, who we think will vote for them to the last, and we expect to see a very exciting contest in this respect. The polls are open at all times. Voting will be conducted, and the result made known, at the Greenlaw opera house, on the evening of the Fete, Friday, June 7th. Let every lady in the city be present to see if she is "the most popular lady in Memphis." Mrs. Morgan's magnificent painting, "Glencove," a landscape, valued at $1000, will be voted to the most popular church in Memphis, and presented to the pastor thereof. The polls are open to all denominations, at Bledsoe & Co's, and at F. H. Clarke & Co.'s, and we expect to see the most exciting contest in this case that has ever been made in Memphis. So far, St. Lazarus, Episcopal, Calvary Presbyterian, and the Synagogue, in charge of Rabbi Raska, are leading voted for; and we suppose every popular church in the city will be sustained by its friends. The voting will be continued and concluded at the Fete, where the votes will be counted, by a committee composed of members of the various denominations. The voting for the most popular school in Memphis commands the attention and deserves the vote of every good citizen, and is a matter of more importance than would at first appear. The general agent of the Peabody Southern Education fund proposes to visit Memphis next winter for the purpose of examining into the school system and ascertaining the character of the schools, of this city; and, as his circular declares that he will "aid and encourage only such schools as are established and supported by the southern people themselves," it is clear that if the citizens of Memphis do nothing for their schools, the agent will do nothing. And there is good reason to believe that if they will, by a generous vote for any school, thus recommend it to him, he will feel bound to respect the petition of a large number of citizens, and render the aid called for. The polls are open at Bledsoe & Co's and at F. H. Clarke & Co.'s, and the pupils, patrons and friends generally of the schools, Lee Academy and St. Agnes Academy are voting votes for, and we think others will soon enter the lists, as certainly no school will want to be behind in this matter. Votes are only $1, and we think everybody can afford a dollar for such a purpose. In this as in the other cases, the voting will be continued and concluded at the Fete; but, as the Fete will last only one night, it is desirable to have the voting progress in advance.

SUNDAY READING.—At the news stand of Albert Beer, No. 287 Main street, may be found all kinds of reading for all kinds of people—the latest western and northern papers, illustrated papers, magazines, etc. Go and see for yourself. This morning's APPEAL with a Masonic column, will be on the counter.

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.—The above firm, at No. 262 Second street, keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Rhenish and French wines, liquors, split peas, dried fruits and Swiss cheese. Those wishing anything in their line can procure the same at the most reasonable prices. They also are receiving regularly fresh supplies of Seiter's water.

ANNIVERSARY EXERCISES OF THE ARMOUR INSTITUTE.

EXAMINATION AND EXHIBITION.

The Pupils Interest and Amuse the Audience Two Successive Nights.

Pressing engagements prevented us from being present at the examination and exhibition given by the pupils of the Armour institute on Thursday and Friday nights, but a friend, who was fortunate enough to be an eye witness, has kindly furnished us with the following communication:

EDITORS MEMPHIS APPEAL:

On Thursday and Friday of this week I had the opportunity and pleasure of attending the examination and exhibition of the above institute, and it was a pleasure which I wish more of our citizens and friends of education could have witnessed. On Thursday was the examination, which was an occasion worthy the principal, and a great credit to the scholars. This institute was founded by Mrs. Emily Armour, the principal, and to whom mostly belongs the reputation and merit of the institute. Mrs. A. can, without doubt, be claimed as among the best connected with the educational interest of our country; her peculiar adaptation in discipline, and thoroughness in studies, and her great faculty of imparting to her scholars, is a marked matter of interest in her school. With her general knowledge and information in many and all subjects, and in which she has so happy and impressive a manner of imparting to her pupils, she makes a lasting and important impression. Mrs. Hannah, the able assistant to Mrs. Armour, is a lady, worthy and highly qualified for the position she fills in the institute. We cannot with justice to the scholars, speak of any in particular, as all will admit, who were present, that they all tried to do the best, and the recitations interspersed with music were prompt at all times, and well pleasing to all interested. On Friday evening we attended the exhibition, (which was a joyous occasion and a credit to the school,) and it was largely attended by the friends of the institute. The declamations, compositions and singing were well worthy the occasion. The drill by the boys (which was to the music) showed much precision and order. The salutary address, by Miss Laura Mulholland, was a production of worth, and was delivered in an able manner. The music, both vocal and instrumental, was well worthy the time and place, and we could not justly mention particular singers and performers without doing injustice to others not mentioned, but cannot refrain from noticing just a few, but, in so doing, would retract from none; and we would say the same in regard to declamations. The duette "Sailor Boy's Dream," by Master Howard Edmonds, and the duette "What Mountains," by the Misses Barrings, and the song "Judith," by Miss Miller, were all admirably performed. The recitation of the "Raven," by Master Roberts, was a credit to his years, with various other recitations by Masters Burditts, Hill, Wolcott, Cogswell and others, and prominent among the misses in recitations and singing we saw the Misses Banks, McCombs, Hannah, Johnson, Hart, Dickinson, Morgan, Edmonds, Royster, Turner and others, and many of the dialogues were quite amusing, and last, but not least, the calisthenics by the young ladies, which was a charming sight. This was the closing scene of the exhibition, all of which passed off to the satisfaction and enjoyment of the large number of friends present, and which will be long remembered by all present with much satisfaction. Trusting that the same success may continue to the Armour institute until the season for another exhibition and examination may arrive, and that teachers and pupils may meet again with as much pleasure and profit as upon the one just closed, I remain yours, B.

A STUPENDOUS HUMBUG.—Another one of those magnificient (on paper) gift swindles has been started in New York. A respectable citizen of this place, a prominent merchant, received yesterday a package containing tickets, circulars, etc., one of which we append:

Private Circular to Agents of the Bankers' and Merchants' Grand Presentation Entertainment.

NEW YORK, May, 1867.

Dear Sir:—If not incompatible with your other engagements, we shall be pleased to have you accept an appointment as agent for the sale of tickets for the bankers' and merchants' grand presentation entertainment. With this object in view we send you the enclosed tickets, which you will please dispose of and remit the proceeds to us after conducting your commission, as per the following scale, which on perusal, we think you will find a very liberal one:

Terms to Agents.—One ticket, 90c; two tickets, $1 75; three tickets, $2 60; four tickets, $3 25; five tickets, $4; six tickets, $4 65; seven tickets, $5 30; eight tickets, $6.

No greater discount than this will be allowed on any larger number of tickets. Should you, for any reason, decline to act in the capacity of agent, you will oblige by handing enclosed tickets and circulars to some other responsible person who will so act, or send the tickets back to us. Should you, however, accept the agency you will please comply immediate with us every six days, sending us the numbers of the tickets sold, together with the cash for the same, as well as the name or names of the purchasers, in order that all such tickets may be registered, for unless this course is pursued and registered they will be worthless to the holders. Address all communications to Clark, Webster & Co., No. 62 Broadway, New York.

N. B.—Should you accept the appointment herein offered you may secure all tickets purchasers that there will be positively no postponement of the distribution. Clark, Webster & Co., Bankers and Managers, No. 62 Broadway, New York City.

We would not give publicity to such documents, but consider it a duty we owe the public to guard them against all such visionary fortunes. This is what our friend says and he knows whereof he speaks:

MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I have just received the enclosed from New York, and I do not doubt that many of our citizens here and elsewhere in the west and south have or will receive similar remittances. *I know* all about this bogus scheme, gotten up by unprincipled scamps to plunder and defraud the credulous and unwary. There is nothing in it but lying, fraud and thieving. I hope you will show it up in a proper dress and guard the public against it. Yours, etc.,

THE CHICKASAW CLUB FESTIVAL.—The Chickasaw Club, organized in 1866, is composed of a large number of the most prominent and wealthy citizens of Memphis. Its spacious apartments are fitted up in the most costly and luxurious manner, and its entire appointments evince a completeness that causes it to rank, even in that regard, with many of the oldest and most celebrated organizations of a similar character in the country. The first president of the Club was our esteemed fellow-citizen, Col. Wm. R. Hunt, who was a short time since succeeded by the popular H. A. Littleton, Esq. On Friday evening, under the auspices of the Club, a festival and supper were given, to which probably two hundred ladies and gentlemen were invited, nearly all of whom showed acknowledgment by their presence. We have had the pleasure of attending a large number of private parties in Memphis, but never before remember to have seen, in any previous assemblage of the kind, so large a representation of the *elite* of the city as was congregated within the rooms of the Chickasaw Club Friday evening. It was an assemblage that reflected infinite credit not only upon the club, but upon Memphis. The beauty of the ladies were truly elegant; and of the music, to which the joyous party danced until three o'clock, it need only be said it was furnished by the accomplished Prof. Mook. The supper was furnished by that prince of caterers, Mr. Specht. The manner in which the various committees to whom were assigned the task of entertainment, performed the onerous duties allotted them, was as complimentary to themselves as agreeable to their guests. Nothing that conduced to the comfort and enjoyment of those present was omitted; and we but reflect the sentiments of the ladies and gentlemen in saying that the Chickasaw Club Festival will long be remembered by them among the happiest incidents of their lives.

THE LECTURE TUESDAY EVENING.—The Alexander Erskine, the well known and accomplished scholar and polyglot of this city, will deliver a lecture next Tuesday night at the Tabernacle, for the benefit of the widows and orphans, and we hope the edifice will be crowded to its utmost capacity. The subject of the lecture is "The Relief of Male's Estate," and if everybody goes to hear him whose estate needs relief, he may expect to have a well filled house. We feel assured that those who visit the Tabernacle Tuesday night will find in the lecture a treat that will well repay them for attending. The Arions will favor the audience with some fine music, and at the close of the lecture Mr. Ernest Lehman will give a recitation. It is earnestly requested that tickets be purchased before going. It saves much delay and confusion at the door. They may be had at the book stores.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, have received Frank Leslie, Boys' and Girls' Weekly, New Yorker, Democrat, Country Gentleman, Staats Zeitung, Home Journal, Weekly Times, New York Clipper, Independent, London News; also, the real London Daily Times, just received. Call and get a number and see the London Art Journal and Agriculturalist for June, St. Louis and New York Dailies.

BOARDING.—Parties wishing either *day board* or *lodging* within one square of Court square, can find a first-class house at No. 306 Second street, near Madison street.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS.—Among the arrivals at the Gayoso yesterday we noticed that of Gens. Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, and J. L. Alcorn, of Mississippi; also Col. A. Reynolds, of Mississippi.

MAIN STREET, No. 286.—At this well known stand our readers will be able to obtain clothing of superior texture and finish, and the most approved styles, on and after Monday, the 3d of June, at rates not to be undersold by any house in the city. If you don't believe it, give them a call and be satisfied of this fact.

WHITE HOUSE CIGAR STAND.—We cheerfully recommend the above stand to those who use a choice and good article of chewing and smoking tobacco, imported and domestic cigars, etc. Those wishing a good article at moderate prices will consult their interests by giving it a call.

PERSONAL.—We were pleased to receive a visit yesterday from Mr. Geo. H. Green, one of the publishers of the sprightly journal, the Tuscumbia *North Alabamian*, published at Tuscumbia, Ala. His paper is well established, and has a large circulation. Mr. Green will no doubt call upon our business houses. We commend him to their kind consideration.

ED. DOUTAZ.—This well known caterer, formerly of Madison street, has again established himself on Front alley, near Madison street, with Charley Blank, where, in addition to a first class restaurant, they propose to keep the finest quality of brandy, whisky, and other liquors. We hope their old friends will give them a call and partake of the fine lunch they will spread Monday morning.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.—We call attention to the card of Messrs. Wheeler, Pickens & Co., 330 Main street. These gentlemen have made arrangements with the leading eastern factories, who deal in wood and willow ware, and will be enabled by these arrangements to compete with St. Louis and Cincinnati prices. Our enterprising friend Sherwin has become a partner in this house, which is additional guarantee of its trustworthiness.

THE MASONIC PIC NIC.—Every possible arrangement has been made for the pleasure and enjoyment of the ladies who attend this Pic Nic on Tuesday, June 4th. The grounds selected at Bartlett's station, M. & O. R. R., cannot be surpassed for beauty. Trains will leave the depot promptly at 9 and 11 o'clock on the morning of the pic nic. Full particulars will be furnished on the train by members of the committee. Let all Masonic families, and those friendly toward the Order, be on hand with their baskets.

NATIONAL TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION. The National Typographical Union will commence its fifteenth annual session at the hall of the chamber of commerce, in this city, to-morrow morning. A large number of the delegates have already arrived. We have had the pleasure of meeting several of the gentlemen. We doubt not our Memphis Union will make the visit of their brethren from a distance pleasant to them personally, and send them home feeling it was good to be here.

BOUND TO GO.—Among the many aspirants for favors in the dry goods and fashion business, that daily solicit attention from our people, we notice that the new and elegant establishment of Elson Bros., No. 297 Main street, attracts a large share of attention, and right well do they deserve it. Their stock is large, varied and well selected, and we know personally that they are disposing of goods at low rates. They say the stock is bound to go to reduce that already on hand, go and see them in the new store.

THE PROPOSED COLORED TOURNAMENT.—The colored people who have the matter in hand are slowly perfecting arrangements for the tournament already mentioned. The proceeds will be devoted to the relief of the colored widows and orphans in the community—a praiseworthy object. While affording a little amusement not only to the colored people who will flock by thousands to witness the sport, will be a contribution to good work. We hope the matter will be speedily put in shape that the "tournamonts" may flourish.

GRACE CHURCH FAIR.—We have had quite a number of inquiries made of us in regard to the disposition of the funds acquired by Grace church from their late fair. Without repeating the various rumors which have been circulating, reflecting on the integrity of the young ladies having the fund in charge as to its *proper disposition*, all we can say is, that we are sadly mistaken in the character of the lady managers if they are not appropriate the money first to the discharge of their church's indebtedness, before they lend themselves even to the laudable project of building a more stylish and appropriate edifice; and from all we have been able to learn from the ladies on the subject, such will be the case.

TABLEAUX AT THE NEW MEMPHIS.—Those of our readers who were so fortunate as to attend the tableaux, arranged under the eminently competent management of Mrs. Wm. Thomas, for the benefit of the wounded Confederates after the battle of Belmont, will learn with great pleasure, that it is probable they will be reproduced within a fortnight, at the above named popular resort, and again under the direction of Mrs. Thompson, in aid of St. Agnes Church. The press of that period were unanimous in lauding the exhibition as the best of the kind ever attempted in the southwest, and individuals with whom we have conversed, attain absolute enthusiasm in describing the perfect gem they were on the occasion. In due season we will give the contemplated programme in detail.

THE MARRIED STATE.—Twenty-seven marriage licenses were issued by the county court clerk last week. Parties still desirous of entering the married state, while certificates were returned showing that the following parties had been tied: L. Oppenheimer and Miss Emma Kuehn, May 28; Richard V. Beasley and Miss Bettie Patton, May 5; Wm. Powell and Miss Hortense B. Williams, May 21; W. B. Garner and Miss Louisa Bazore, May 9; Michael Glancy and Margaret Kavney, May 21; Patrick Flannery and Miss Mary Hargan, May 30; Richard Mack and Lucy Hunter, May 26; Wm. Wiseman and Louisa Foster, March 28; S. R. M. Ellis and Miss Leonia T. Rogers, December 19; E. J. Jones and Annie Hunt, May 28; J. W. Jones and Elizabeth Stockett, May 28.

THE GAYOSO AND THE AWARD OF SILVER SERVICE.—The lateness of the hour at which the award was made, prevented us from noticing that to the Gayoso was voted the "silver service for the most appropriately decorated" at the fair. Without any disparagement to any other contestants we feel assured that the award was most heartily welcomed by a very large portion of our fellow-citizens. Col. Cockrell's name is synonymous with first-class hotel-keeping in Memphis. While proprietor of the Commercial, many years ago, he achieved for that hotel the enviable reputation of being one of the finest in the country; and the palatial Gayoso, under his management, has attained a fame boundless as the continent. There are few more favorably or widely known establishments of the kind. The compliment bestowed is well merited, and we congratulate Col. Cockrell upon it.

AN EXPLOSION.—At a *secret* meeting of the school board, held last evening, called at the instance of Superintendent Hillebrand, it was decided to introduce the "Chickasaw Cluh Festival" into the public schools. It appears that the lady was teaching in a school where Mr. Shaddock is principal. The lady had been unwell, and on one or two occasions was late at school. For this the principal got displeased and talked to her in a very rough manner. She, of course, maintained her proper dignity. Complaint was made by the man to the superintendent, who would not take the responsibility to suspend or expel, but called the meeting. When Shaddock read his statement the superintendent read that of the lady, and also made a statement which is said to have been much in favor of Shaddock. Miss Bowers, who had only one month more to serve previous to the expiration of her term, was dismissed by the following vote: Yeas—Hutchinson, Connell, Allen, Bowers and Chrisshaper's, 5. Nays—Cook, Burke, Slaughter and McGibben. Shaddock is a teacher from Massachusetts. Miss Bowers is a teacher from Huntsville, Ala. What the politics of the superintendent and school board are we neither know nor care, but the evening paper on Union street is their organ.

I. O. O. F.—We take pleasure in announcing to the public that the Odd Fellows of the city are making great preparations for a basket pic nic, which is to come off on the beautiful grounds near Buntyn's Station, three miles out on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, on Thursday, June 13th. Special trains will run during the day. A most efficient committee has the matter in charge, and from the preparations which are being made we doubt not but that the Odd Fellows' pic nic will be the greatest affair of the kind which has come off this season. A fine string band will be in attendance, music, dancing, etc. Mayor Lofland, Gen. Forrest, Rev. Dr. White and Col. Foute, who are members of the Order, have been invited to deliver short addresses. Odd Fellows can procure tickets of the committee, or at the dry goods store of B. Lowenstein & Bros. Others than Odd Fellows, who are friendly disposed to the Order, can also procure tickets by applying through an Odd Fellow. We bespeak a most pleasant and sociable time for those who may attend the pic nic.

Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, at greatly reduced prices, at 229 Main street, je2-3t

THE COURTS.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The entire attention of the court was occupied in finishing the evidence in the Bartlett murder case, and in hearing the argument of the attorney. After receiving the charge from Judge Reeves, the jury retired about four p.m. The jury returned from the jury room about five o'clock, finding the prisoner guilty of murder in the second degree, the sentence being penitentiary for ten years. A motion for a new trial will be heard on Monday morning. Wednesday is set apart for motion day. Judgments will be taken by default and for other causes. On Wednesday morning the civil docket will be again taken up.

REGISTRY OF DEEDS AND MORTGAGES. D. and Rosella C. Gobee to J. L. Sheep, deed $1100, lot 26 block 10, Fort Pickering; B. M. Miller to Frank Bras, trust deed on lot on Causey street, to secure $640; R. S. Pollard to R. A. Parker, trust deed on farming utensils, to secure $850; Same to W. C. Cunningham and Malone, deed of trust on cotton crop, to secure $280; decree of chancery vesting right of lot 3, corner Main and Linden streets, in Martha J. Leonard; A. Q. Gates to G. A. Harrison, trust deed on lot on Germantown road, to secure $500; W. Ledbetter et al. to H. Schafer et al., deed trust on land on Germantown plank road, to secure $3000; M. J. Lestrange to H. Schafer et al., trust deed on land on Germantown plank road, to secure $1000; H. Schafer et al. to Chas. Sweeney, deed $4000, lot on Poplar street, near to Orleans.

LAW COURT.—This court stands adjourned until Monday when the minutes will be signed. No other business will be attended to except the signing of bills of exceptions.

CHANCERY COURT.—This court was not in session yesterday, but will convene at nine a.m., on Monday. No cases are set specially.

POLICE RETURNS.—The following is the return from the first district metropolitan police for the month ending Friday, 31st of May. Total number of arrests 307, which are classified as follows:

Americans	155
Irish	118
Germans	31
Hebrews	1
Italians	1
English	1
French	1
Negroes	76
Total	307

Total amount fines assessed	$2,923 00
Total amount fines collected	$1,178 00
Collected on mittimus	564 00
Total amount collected	$1,742 50
Value of property recovered by patrolmen independent of detectives	$1,005 30

TELEGRAMS.—The following are the telegrams remaining at the telegraph office, June 2d: Mrs. Julia Evitt, Harry Walters, Jas. Brown, Lewis Bond, Gailey, Wood & Co., Jas. Claiborne, A. Holmes, Southworth & Nance, H. T. Arnold Col. R. F. Looney, A. J. Hester, R. B. Pittman & Co., T. W. Brown, Mrs. Emily K. Happersatt, Planters' Insurance Co., J. W. Campbell, Francisco & Wiggin, Samuel Simpson, A. W. Taylor.

Penmanship.—There are three daily classes in penmanship at Leddin's Commercial College, 238 Main street, thus affording an excellent opportunity to the pupils of the city, and other schools, during the summer months, to excel in this useful and desirable accomplishment: and elegant and rapid business handwriting.

Ladies Dress Goods, Silk and Cloth Sacques and Basques and summer Shawls, less than cost, at Walker Bros. & Co. je2-3t

Boys' Boots $1 10 per pair at Elson's. jun2 1t

Full Line of White Goods, at a great sacrifice, at Walker Bros. & Co. je2-3t

L. Kremer will sell to the ladies the cheapest and prettiest Hoods in the city. Refer to his advertisement on next page.

Lace Points, Lace Points, Lace Points, at Menken Bros. je2 3t

Linen Table Cloth, only fifty cents per yard, at Elson's, 297 Main street. jun2 4

Remember that Howell, Wood & Co.'s stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods has been reduced. Southern Palace. je2 2t

All Linen Towels, large size, only $3 per dozen at Elson's. jun2 4t

Leddin's Commercial College.—The practical business manner in which every branch of study is taught at this Institution commends it to all who have sons to educate. They cannot only feel but know that their sons, who are being trained here, are on the sure road to a successful business life. We assure young men that no such chance has ever been offered to you in which, in so short time, and for so small an amount of money, you can so thoroughly qualify yourself for the duties of life upon which you are about to enter. With a thorough *practical business* education, such as is given in this Institution, you can hardly fail being eminently successful.

On Monday, June 3d, 1867, our stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods will be reduced. Call and examine. Howell, Wood & Co., 332 Main street, Southern Palace. je2 2t

Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main street, Clay building. je2 3t

Calicos 12½ and 15 cents, at Elson's. jun2 1t

A beautiful line of Grenadines at only twenty-five cents per yard. 299 Main street. je2 1f

Dress Goods, Alpaccas and Mozambiques, 25 per cent. less than cost, at Elsons, 297 Main street. jun2 4t

Commencing June 3, 1867, the retail price of "Morgan's Self-rising Flour," in small packages, will be reduced to the following figures: Twelve pound packages, $1 00; six pound packages, 50 cents. The deduction amounts to $1 on every barrel. Plain Flour of like grade has been reduced in this market only fifty to seventy-five cents per barrel up to this date.

Hesperian Liniment is the best remedy for Horses. It cures Cuts, Galds, Spavins, Swellings, etc., in three days' time. No one should be without a supply of the great Hesperian Liniment. Price

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

DR. WM. EVERETT

CAN be found at Rooms No. 3 and 6, Southern Home, corner of Main and Real street, where he is prepared to treat and advise with all ladies having diseases peculiar to their sex. Age and long experience convinces him that all can be relieved, no matter how severe the case, or how long standing; and above all others he desires those cases which have been *PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.*

☞ Diseases of children will also receive especial attention.

BE NOT DECEIVED.—READER, If you have had the sad misfortune to contract the accursed disease, known as venerial, in any form, you can be cured (I care not, in what stage it may present itself, whether primary, secondary or tertiary), without taking one solitary grain of medicine. After ten years of close investigation and practical experience, I am convinced that internal treatment, for the purpose of effecting a permanent cure of syphilitic disease is useless, and, that in a large proportion of cases, it also positively does more harm than good. With a under my method of external medication, which is a pleasant and agreeable to the patient, I defy competition with any other method known to the medical profession, for speedy and permanent cure—which I guarantee in all cases. In making this important and known to the public, I wish to state that I am a regular practitioner of medicine; that I am a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Louisville, Ky., and that my method of treating these diseases has cost years of deep study and close observation.

All diseases of the Ear and Eye treated upon the most improved methods.

OFFICE—No. 317 Monroe street, between Main and Second. Respectfully,

G. W. MOLOFT, M. D.

my8-1m

DR. C. SPIEGEL, graduate of the Medical schools of Europe and the United States, and member of the principal medical societies in those countries, has practised medicine in Memphis for the last thirteen years, and continues to offer his professional services to the public, in the treatment of all forms of disease upon the most improved European methods. No vast collection of rare medicines and surgical instruments, with a life-long experience in their administration and use, warrants me in claiming a superiority over the most confident pretenders of treating diseases, such as CANCER and TUMORS of every description, which I cure by Constitutional treatment exclusively, no operation performed by the knife. Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Skin, Consumption and Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Syphilis, Stricture, Gleet, Gravel, Piles, Dropsy, Fistula in ano, in short, all Chronic Diseases, giving especial attention to FEMALE DISEASES of every description. Am at my office at all times to consult with first-class Physicians, either by letter or in person, upon all diseases pertaining to medicine and surgery. Medicine sent by express to all parts of the world, when desired.

OFFICE—No. 33 south side Monroe, between Main and Second streets, Memphis.

Residence, No. 259 Union street. my8 1m

Concentration Gives Strength.

DR. R. R. WALTON TENDERS HIS SERVICES to the public in the treatment of the diseases of females. So obscure are many of these, so capricious in their manifestations, so perfectly do they simulate other diseases, that their true character is often overlooked or mistaken; prominent among these are, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, that condition of the system commonly called Nervous or Rheumatic, and General Debility, this last is too often but a symptom of some insidious disease which is sapping the foundations of life. To become expert in the detection of these and skillful in their treatment, requires more labor and research than the general practitioner can bestow. These facts induced him to devote himself to this branch of the profession exclusively. To those interested he would state that he has had the advantage of the best medical schools and extensive hospitals of America; also a practice of more than twenty years in this his native State and in the tropics, where such diseases most abound. He is permitted also to refer to Dr. Flanagan and Hopson, gentlemen who stand deservedly high in the profession. Office, No. 354 Main street. Residence, No. 271 Linden street, Memphis, Tenn. my5 1m.

Dr. R. L. BUTT,

Office, No. 33 Madison Street.

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

Residence, No. 301 Monroe street. mh12 3m

DR. G. W. LAWRENCE,

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,

Hot Springs, - Arkansas.

mh19 3m*

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,

DENTIST,

HAS Removed his Office and Residence to No. 225 Main Street,

Near the Worsham House.

ap6 dawly

DR. A. WESSON,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 254 Second Street,

Irving Block.

feb28 1y

LAWYERS.

WM. P. STEPHENS, Late of Jackson, Tenn. THOS. E. SMITH Memphis.

STEPHENS & SMITH,

Attorneys at Law,

22 Madison Street, Memphis.

my29 1m

A. WRIGHT. L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. my8

JAMES T. RUCKS,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FRIARS' POINT, MISS.

ap27 6w*

JOHN BULLOCK. VAN A. W. ANDERSON.

BULLOCK & ANDERSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 340 Second street, Opposite Greenlaw Opera House, Memphis, Tenn. feb17 3m

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 294 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. may 17

BARBOUR LEWIS. WILLIAM CRAIG.

LEWIS & CRAIG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Stillman Block, No. 20 Second street, North of Madison, Memphis, Tennessee.

M. T. Williamson will be found at the above, mh12 6m

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 327 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee. feb26 3m

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec15 1y*

JOHN S. KERR. J. W. WESTCOTT. GEO. E. STAHL.

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 370 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

J. W. Westcott,

United States Commissioner and Commissioner for all the States.

REUBEN DAILEY,

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER,

No. 350 Second Street,

☞ Depositions in Admiralty cases taken in Short-hand and transcribed. No extra charge. ap24 3m

C. C. CUMMINGS,

LAWYER,

Rear of No. 278 Second Street,

No. 2 Court Place,

feb26 3m Memphis, Tenn.

R. O. BRADLEY,

Dealer in all kinds of

Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, Wagons, Harness, Etc.,

377 Jackson Block, Main Street.

IF YOU WANT ANY

SADDLES OR HARNESS

GO TO

S. FRED. HAILMAN,

No. 90

JEFFERSON STREET.

If You Don't Believe It, Go and See.

ap25 3m

CURRINS, GUNN & COOVER,

PLANING MILL

—AND—

LUMBER YARD,

Nos. 181, 183 and 185 Washington St.,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Planing and Sawing Lumber, as all kinds of Flooring, ceiling and Weatherboarding, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Poplar, Cypress and Pine Lumber, all of which are prepared to do all kinds of Planing and Scroll Sawing, at short notice. Orders for Lumber, Scroll Sawing, Turning and Scroll Material generally, promptly attended to. my7 1m

UNDERTAKERS.

J. B. MCCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe,

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my24

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. R. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

METALIC BURIAL CASES

AND CASKETS,

No. 70 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

UNDERTAKERS in the cities and towns contiguous to Memphis will always find at this establishment all styles of articles in this line, in as great variety as can be found in the city, and

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

mh8 1y

HARDWARE.

WM. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

FOUNDERS

—AND—

MACHINISTS,

Opposite Gayoso House,

Memphis, : : : : : Tenn.

ap6 3m

J. R. SHARPE. M. C. KING.

SHARPE & KING,

DEALERS IN

PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVES

—AND THE—

Stratton Self-Generating Gas Light,

No. 330 Second street, near Union,

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

SOLE AGENTS for the Tennessee Stove and Gas Light Company, for the Sale of District and County Rights.

Every article sold by us made to perform as represented or money refunded on return of articles.

Articles sent to any part of the State. ap10 tf

Agency for Straub's Mills

WE have been appointed Agents for STRAUB'S celebrated "Queen of the South"

WHEAT AND CORN MILLS,

Both DOUBLE AND SINGLE GEARED, and are prepared to furnish them promptly to those wishing to purchase.

McCOMBS & CO., Dealers in Hardware, 322, and 324 Main st.

mh8 3m

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

No. 328 Front Street, Memphis.

J. T. FARGASON. A. CORDES. C. C. CLAY.

my5 1m

TREMENDOUS REDUCTION

—IN TIN!—

PRICES OF GAS FIXTURES!

Competition is the Life of Trade.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

KORTE & McDONOUGH,

No. 311 Second Street,

OPPOSITE GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

Gas Fixtures at New York Prices.

Gas Fitting, per foot no extras	$ 12
One Light Bracket, single swing	85
" " double swing	1 10
" " three swing	1 10
One Light Pendant	1 10
Two "	1 80
Gas Globes from 20 cents to	75
Smoke Bells, from 25 cents to	75
Cistern Pumps, from $3 to	6 00

Also, a large assortment of Six and Four Light Chandeliers at the same reductions. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Don't forget the place.

Korte & McDonough,

No. 344 Second street,

Opposite Greenlaw Opera House.

HUBBARD & LOVEL,

Manufacturers of

SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES,

Collars, Whips, Etc.,

NO. 331 SECOND STREET,

(Between Monroe and Union.)

N. B.—Dealers in Second-Hand Harness. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

500 Double Sets new Wagon Harness very cheap for cash.

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

PREMIUM

SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS

246 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—Not answerable for Goods left in store over six months from date of order.

MEMPHIS SAIL AND AWNING LOFT,

No. 301 Front Street,

(MOSBY BLOCK),

Window and Verandah Awnings

FOR Offices, Hotels, and Private Dwellings. Special attention given to moving Safes, Ringing, Hoistaways, and all kinds of Rope and Canvas Work.

THOMPSON & WILSON,

my 8 3m 301 Front street, upstairs.

N. & J. HOFFHEIMER,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS!

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,

No. 276 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

JACOB VOORHEIS, Memphis, Tenn. D. A. WILLIAMSON, Late with Williamson, Hill & Co. Cincinnati.

VOORHEIS & WILLIAMSON,

QUEENSWARE,

China, Glass and Earthenware,

Silver Plated and Britania Goods,

TABLE CUTLERY AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

No. 178 Main Street,

Near Overton Hotel MEMPHIS, TENN.

mh26 3m

COTTON---COMMISSION.

JOHN E. MOODY, Late of Memphis and St. Louis Packets, and Vicksburg, Memphis and Arkansas River Packets. JOH N WIMBISH, Late of N. Carolina.

MOODY & WIMBISH,

Successors to

RAINER, MASON & DYER,

Commission Merchants

—IN—

GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS

—AND—

Western Produce Generally,

NO. 4 BRADLEY BLOCK,

ap30 1m MEMPHIS, TENN.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, JR., & CO.,

Storage and Commission House

NO. 200 FRONT STREET,

Store and Sell on Commission.

ap21 3m

JOHN J. BROWN, Formerly of the firm of Dean & Brown, Richmond, Va. REUBEN E. BROWN, Late of Olive Branch, DeSoto county, Mississippi.

JAMES E. DILLARD, Late with Crowder & Co., Memphis.

BROWN, DILLARD & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

VIRGINIA AND WESTERN

Tobacco Agents,

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

214 Front Street, Cor. Adams,

MEMPHIS, Tenn. Will give strict attention to the sale of all consignments entrusted to their care. Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments in hand. Remittances promptly made on all sales. ap18 6m

COX & HUMPHREY,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

No. 1 Howard's Row,

mh21 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

R. D. LAWRENCE, Memphis, Tenn. C. B. CARTER, Late with Halliday Bros., Cairo.

LAWRENCE & CARTER,

GENERAL COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

No. 228 Front Street, (Up Stairs),

mh2 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

LEE CRANDALL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

198 Gravier Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

M'COMBIE & CHILD,

No. 61 Broad Street,

NEW YORK.

feb27 6m

F. M. WHITE, Pres't Miss. and Tenn. R. R. JOHN K. MCKEE, Formerly of Argusto, Ga. GEO. F. ROOTES, late Gordon & Rootes, St. Louis.

WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,

COTTON FACTORS

AND General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, No. 394 Main street, Gayoso Block, Memphis, Tenn.

Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, Etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. mh8 3m

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

J. C. FORBES & CO.,

Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

General Commission Merchants,

FOR the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce. Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of those articles.

Liberal advances on all consignments. feb21 3m

THOS. CHILD. W. H. H. DUDLEY.

CHILD, DUDLEY & CO.,

Exclusive Wholesale

Commission Merchants,

NO. 361 FRONT STREET,

Between Union and Gayoso,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENNESSEE.

Special attention to all business entrusted to us.

feb26 ☞

GEO. MACKEY. E. E. HAWLEY. E. J. E. L. WINN.

GEORGE MACKEY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Dealers in

GROCERIES

—AND—

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,

No. 272 Front Street,

Between Court and Madison,

Memphis, : : : : : Tennessee.

mh7 3m

R. M. BLACK, Memphis, Tenn. O. G. CAMERON, Late Maysville, Ky. JAS. WHITE Late Mays ville, Ky

Black, Camron & Co.,

PRODUCE and COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Charleston Avenue, near M. & C. R. R. Depot, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care, and orders for provender and plantation supplies filled at shortest notice and at lowest rates. my3 1m

Chancery Sale of Real Estate,

On Monday, June 3d, 1867.

763 N. R. D.—Isaac N. Moon vs. Wm. P. Mathews: Chancery Court of Memphis.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree in this cause, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on

MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1867,

between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 m., the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Situate, lying and being in Shelby county, State of Tennessee; the first being in township 1, range 9, west of the base meridian, Chickasaw survey, and being that part of section thirteen which lies on the north side of the State line dividing the State of Tennessee and Mississippi, and containing five hundred and forty acres, more or less, commencing on the northwest corner of said land, and running south to said State line, thence east with said line one mile, thence north to the northeast corner of said section, thence west to the said first named corner, being all of said section, which lies in the 13th Civil District of Shelby county, Tennessee; the other tract being the south half of section twelve (12), township one (1), range nine (9), west of the base meridian of the Chickasaw cession.

TERMS OF SALE.—On a credit of seven and thirteen months. Notes with good security, with interest from date, and a lien retained till payment of the purchase money. Equity of redemption barred.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

my5 6d

John Leslie,

71-2 Madison Street,

PRACTICAL

HOUSE, SIGN PAINTER & GRAINER.

ap16 tf

The Buntyn

HOMESTEAD LANDS

FOR SALE.

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable and valuable lands, so well known to the community as the Homestead Tract of the late Gerdine Buntyn, Esq., situated on the line of the railroad on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, five miles east of the city. The improvements, with about four acres of land, have been recently sold to Hume F. Hill, Esq., who now resides upon the premises. The balance of the tract, consisting of about 180 acres, has been laid off in lots varying in size from five to ten acres, fronting upon broad avenues, and laid off so as to secure the greatest amount of comfort. The trains of the Memphis and Charleston railroad afford the opportunity of going in and out of the city, from and to Buntyn's station, four times a day, so as to make a residence at this point almost as convenient as to live in the city itself.

The choice can now be had of lots wholly or part in original forest, or in field,

In Exchange for City Property.

☞ The executors are directed by the Will to sell this place and invest in city property, and we will receive propositions to exchange for either improved or vacant lots in the city.

To all parties looking for a suburban residence, we do not think any property more desirable can be found, in regard to health, convenience or good neighborhood, within the same distance from the city.

The terms will be made very liberal and easy, and the prices low to parties desirous of buying for occupation. Plans of the subdivision will be shown at our office.

my17 tf ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

Harvest, Harvest, Harvest!

FOR SALE LOW, to close Trust Deed—

REAPERS, MOWERS,

CRADLES, SCYTHES,

THRESHING MACHINES,

HORSE POWERS,

WHEELBARROWS,

And other Agricultural Implements.

MILES OWEN, Trustee,

my21 1m 299 Front street.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

THE HEROISM OF LABOR.

'Tis not he who, bribed by glory,
Battling in a nation's eyes,
Tempted with a name in story,
Doeth deeds of true emprise.

But 'tis him, the high, heroic
Soul, that in an humble strife—
(Labor's careless, low-born stole)—
Struggles for the means of life;

Struggles bravely—ne'er despairing,
Conquering stern, opposing fate;
Ever nobly, boldly bearing
Up against a lowly state.

'Mid the carnage and the rattle—
'Mid the stirring shout and cry—
On the gory field of battle,
Courage it may need to die.

But, beneath a weight of trouble,
None to cheer nor relieve,
Doomed with woe and want to struggle—
'Tis a braver thing to live.

And the gallant heart that ever
Vies'ry gains in such a style,
Rising, by its stern endeavor,
Higher in the scale of life;

Striving on, and cheering others,
Reaching nearer to the goal:
Teaching the despairing brothers
True success is in the soul;

In that soul of fixed defiance,
'Gainst the worst that fate can do;
In that soul of self reliance,
With each effort we renew;

Truly wins the hero's laurel,
Triumphing for human kind,
And his life's impressive moral
Lives to sway the common mind.

Valor this no kings are knighting;
Yet with toil his arm imbrowns;
He for man's cause is fighting
Worth a pyramid of crowns.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND BUSINESS.

A very violent storm of wind and rain set in about noon yesterday, which prevented the shipment of some freight and caused the levee to be less lively than it otherwise would have been. The river continues to rise rapidly at this point. The swell in the past twenty-four hours was fully one foot. At St. Louis the rise is not so rapid, although the upper rivers are going up fast. At Cincinnati the Ohio is reported rising, but it is falling slowly at Louisville.

Arrivals.

Steamer R. E. Lee, New Orleans.
" Great Republic, St. Louis.
" Silver Moon, Cincinnati.
" Mary Swan, Evansville.
" Norman, Louisville.
" Florence Traber, Arkansas river.

Departures.

Steamer R. E. Lee, Cairo.
" Great Republic, New Orleans.
" Dan. Able Vicksburg.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Minneola, Cincinnati.
" Anna, Cincinnati.

Boats in Port.

Gleaner, Silver Moon, Mary Swan, Norman, Florence Traber.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Capt. John A. Stephenson, of New Orleans was a passenger on the Republic, homeward bound.

During the storm yesterday the large sign of Larry Harrison & Co., on the city wharfboat, was torn from its fastenings, and part of it carried into the river. The downfall of the shingle is not ominous, as business continues to flourish like a green bay horse with that firm.

Capt. John B. Davis is still in St. Louis. He has not yet secured a suitable boat for the White river trade, but will do so before the 1st of next month.

The Legal Tender, having completed all the changes designed in her cabins, and added a fine texas, will leave Louisville for New Orleans in a day or two.

The Gen. Siegel, on her way to Nashville from the Upper Cumberland, ran upon a log about daylight Friday morning, at Lindsey's island, about forty miles from Nashville, and knocked a hole in her bottom. She rapidly filled, and sunk in about seven feet water. She had on board sixty hogsheads of tobacco and a large lot of corn. It has not been ascertained to what extent she has been damaged. Her deck is two feet or more under water.

We learn from Mr. Shults, clerk of the Florence Traber, that tremendous rains have fallen along the Arkansas river, and that stream is rising very rapidly, with a prospect of it being higher than known for the past thirty-five years. Great destruction is apprehended, particularly in that section lying between Pine Bluff and the mouth.

The Republic passed down last night. She arrived at an early hour in the afternoon, but laid over for the Norman, and received about one hundred bales of freight from that steamer. The Republic was the recipient of an elegant pair of horns from Capt. Greenlief, of St. Louis.

The old reliable will be in port to-night. She leaves again for White river on Tuesday, connecting with the cars for Little Rock. Capt. Ashford commands, and Messrs. Moreton and Harry are her clerks. Don't forget the Commercial.

The fine packet M. S. Mepham, Capt. Wood, leave for Louisville this day at 12 m.

The Robert E. Lee passed up yesterday morning early. She will be in port again to leave for New Orleans on Wednesday. Freight in the meantime will be received for her on the Star wharfboat.

The fine packet Mary Swan arrived last night with a fair trip from Evansville. She returns again on Monday evening at 5 p.m. Capt. Hukill commands and Mr. Billy Speed is in the office.

The swift Belle Memphis, Capt. Musselman, leaves for Cairo and St. Louis on Monday evening as usual. She is an elegant packet, and Mr. Cutler is in the office.

The Silver Moon, Capt. Ben. Merrielees, leaves for Cincinnati on Wednesday next.

The elegant Liberty No. 2 will be in port to leave for Cairo and Louisville on Monday next at 5 p.m. Capt. J. B Archer has his swift steamer looking as handsome as a bride. Mr. McCullough is in the office.

The Welcome, Capt. Johnson, leaves for Vicksburg at 5 p.m. to-morrow.

The fine packet, Norman, Capt. Varble, leaves for Louisville on Monday. Mr. Twomey is clerk.

The Mollie Hamleton, Capt. Bowman, leaves for St. Francis river on Tuesday.

The Gleaner, Capt. King, leaves for Arkansas river on Monday.

The Buckeye State, in May, 1850, carried the "twenty-four hour pole," (twenty-four hours from Cincinnati,) to about half a mile above Parkersburg, about twenty-four miles above where the Telegraph No. 2 left it, in 1848, near Dewitt's creek. This was about two hundred and eighty-six miles from Cincinnati. In 1853, the David White (twice), the Thomas Swan and the Alvin Adams, of the Wheeling "Union line," attempted to carry the pole higher up the river, but they all failed to do it, and the twenty-four hour distance of the Buckeye State, above Cincinnati, has never been beaten, and probably never will be, as steamboats on the Ohio are not now built so much for speed as for the additional advantage of carrying a paying quantity of freight.

The United States inspectors have been at Hampton for several days, taking testimony in regard to the explosion of the boilers of the steamer Lansing. A considerable number of experienced engineers have examined the wreck and given their testimony—and others are yet to be examined. Each engineer after examining the wreck is taken before the inspectors, who take his testimony privately—no two engineers knowing anything about the testimony of each other.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of Friday, says: There is a pretty high river here now. The rise continued steady yesterday, and the total swell of the past few days amounts to six feet, giving about twenty-two feet in the channel to Cairo. There is a fine stage of water all over the northern streams. There is no talk, and will not be for an indefinite period, of laying up large boats for smaller boats to take their places. We think the June rise will be here in about three weeks, and will give us a higher river by six or eight feet than we have now.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867.

Gold has been steady in this market, with but little variation in New York. The offerings are light. Buying at 35½ to 36c. Selling at 37 to 37½c.

Silver continues at 27 to 28c buying. Selling at 30c.

City scrip is active and scarce. It is held for the advance anticipated. Brokers offer 69c.

County scrip is in very good demand. Buying at 80c. Selling at 90c.

Police scrip is scarce and in good request at 75c buying. Selling at 80c.

Exchange continues abundant at yesterday's rates. Buying at ¼ discount and selling at ¼ to ½ premium. Between bankers rates are easier. There is no change in sight bills on New Orleans.

Bonds and stocks are dull and nominal. Very few of them are in favor. Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, no sale; Memphis and Little Rock first mortgage bonds, no sale; Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds, 70c; Tennessee bonds, with coupons, 65 to 70c; Tennessee bonds, new, 65 to 70c; Mobile and Ohio railroad bonds, no sale; Memphis city coupons, 52 to 53c; Memphis city railroad stock, 30c.

There is but light demand for unourrent money. Tennessee notes are firm as follows:

TENNESSEE BANKS.	
Bank of Chattanooga par	Merchant's Bank ..90
" Memphis ..par	Ocoee " ..70
" Middle Tennessee	Planters' " ..98
Tenn. old issue..24	Southern " ..98
" W. Tenn.....50	Shelbyville " ..98
City B'k Nashville..50	Traders' " ..98
Commercial Bank..par	Union " ..98

Secretary McCulloch has written a long letter on the financial situation to Boston capitalists. The letter is attracting much attention, and is very favorably commented on by the press. In the course of this letter he says:

You must not expect that our monthly statements for the rest of the present year and early part of the next fiscal year will be as satisfactory as they have been for many months past. The donations or bounties to soldiers, preparations for a threatened Indian war, even if war itself should be avoided, and very liberal appropriations of a miscellaneous character will cause unusually heavy drafts to be made upon the treasury, while, on the other hand, the general failure of the wheat crop and a partial failure of the corn crop last year, slow progress in the restoration of the southern states to their proper relation with the federal government, dullness of trade throughout the country, partly the result of a decrease of production and partly of the natural reaction which always follows periods of excitement and speculation, together with reduced taxes, will considerably affect our revenue.

This combination of adverse circumstances may retard a return to specie payments, and with large issues of bonds to be made to the Pacific railroad and its branches or divisions, will prevent for a brief season a reduction of the public debt, and may even render a temporary increase of it unavoidable. But it will not weaken our faith in our ability to move on again in the right direction at an early day. On the contrary, I believe that this check to our progress will lead to improvements in our revenue laws, and to the increase of their efficiency in their execution, hasten the progress in congress of the southern states, and secure greater economy in all branches of the public service.

He says, in reply to their surplus, thus expressed, that he has not largely contracted the currency; and to show this opinion on contraction has undergone no change, he reiterates that he is as much persuaded as ever of the importance and necessity of generally return to specie payment. While the country needs to secure this, he says, for its safety and industry. He adds that he has nevertheless suspended the reduction of the United States notes, and for the following reasons, either of which would perhaps have justified his course, and all of which have had more or less influence in determining it:

1. The views of a majority of the members of congress, as indicated by the number of votes last winter were adverse to immediate contraction, and I have not felt at liberty to place myself in practical opposition to the law making branch of the government, without whose support I must be powerless.

2. There has existed for some months past anxious forebodings of financial troubles, and while they continue I have been appreciatively that a contraction of currency, the subject of alarm, or misunderstood for misinterpreted, might produce a panic in the commercial cities, which, extending over the country and beyond the speculative interest, would injuriously affect the legitimate business and the revenue dependent upon it.

3. A large amount of interest bearing notes are to be paid or converted with the present and next fiscal year to which it seemed prudent for me to direct my attention. Touching the question of a curtailment of the circulating notes, to be determined from month to month by the condition of the country and of the treasury.

4. Anticipating that the failure of the crops and the other circumstances alluded to would seriously affect business, I have considered it important the public mind should not be diverted by the criticisms and complaints of those who are opposed to contraction, from real cause of trouble. That a sound policy should not be put in peril by being made the scapegoat for evils resulting from different causes. He concludes:

You will not infer from what I have written that I am not hopeful in regard to our financial future. It has been my constant aim to so manage the monetary business as to aid in bringing the country to a healthful financial condition without being subjected to the severe disasters which many judicious persons have supposed a large debt and derangement of business, and diminution of industry occasioned by the war, and the redundant currency would render inevitable. My faith that this can be accomplished is unshaken. Causes which are now operating against us are exceptionable and temporary.

The prospect for a good crop of winter wheat was never better. More spring wheat has been sowed and more corn has, or will be planted, this season than ever before. The people are starting to comprehend again this important truth, which seems to have been disregarded for some years past, that prosperity is the result of labor; that industry and economy are indispensable to the national as well as individual wealth. I shall be grievously disappointed if the other year does not witness a large increase of industry, of enterprise, and of revenue; a decided progress towards resumption of specie payments, and a steady reduction of the public debt.

Your obedient servant,

H. MCCULLOCH.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867, 5 p.m.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

No change was perceptible in general business to-day. The only activity displayed was in the grain markets. Corn is very dull. There is little prime hay in market, and what is on hand is heavy at our quotations. Oats are dull. Flour is declining slowly.

COTTON—Notwithstanding this was Saturday, there was a fair amount of transactions. Holders are very stiff in their views and ask 26c for middling, in consequence of eastern dispatches, which announce an advance. We did not learn of sales at that figure, but we are satisfied that what little fine cotton is now on the market, if bought at all, must be on a very slight margin from New York quotations. The sales in all report to-day were 20,000 bales, as follows: Islands, and Orleans 112d. The receipts at this point for to-day were 152 bales; shipments, 1,798 bales; receipts for the week 866 bales; shipments, 2,451 bales. The Merchants Exchange takes Current of this morning gives the following statement of cotton at this port:

Stock on hand Sept. 1	68
Received this week	866
Received previously	24,566
Exported this week	1,850
Exported previously	20,000
Stock on hand May 3	1,734

Adding the receipts to-day and deducting the shipments, leaves the stock on hand at this writing 10,728 bales. The market closed firm.

Ordinary	17 @20
Good Ordinary	21 @23
Low Middling	23½ @24
Middling	25 @26
Strict Middling	27 @28
Good Middling	28 @30

APPLES—The supply is light—demand good. Selling at $3 to $12 per bbl.

BRAN—There is only a moderate supply. Held firm at $18 to $20 per ton.

BUTTER—A large stock, with fair demand for choice. Selling at 25 to 30c. Common is dull and selling at 15 to 25c, as to quality.

BEANS—Are scarce with moderate demand. Navy held at $3 75 to $4 per bushel.

CHEESE—Nearly out of market; western reserve, 17 to 18c; English dairy, 20 to 23c.

COFFEE—A fair stock and demand. Rio, 25 to 27½c; Laguayra, 35 to 38c; Java, 42 to 43c.

CORN—Receipts very good, and prices are weak. Selling on levee at $1 10 to $1 15; from store at $1 12 to $1 20.

CORNMEAL—There is a good supply and demand. Kilndried sells at $5 75 on levee. From store about 25c per bbl. higher.

EGGS—Small receipts and market firm. Fresh packed, 19 to 20c.

FLOUR—There is but a light demand outside the retail market, with prices weak. Common, $9 to $10; superfine, $10 50 to $12; X, $12 50 to $14; XX, $15 to $15 50; XXX and all fancy brands, $16 to $18.

HIDES—There is an active demand for all kinds. Green 8 to 9c; green salted, 10 to 11c; dry flint, 16 to 17c.

HAY—A light demand, with heavy stock of common, and little prime. Selling on levee at $25 to $26 for latter, and former at $23 to $24.

IRON TIES—The demand has ceased. Held at 11 to 12c per lb.

LARD—Fair stock and moderate call. Tierces, 13 to 13½c; kegs, 14½ to 15c.

LIME—Not active, with a good supply. Ohio, $1 30 to $1 50; Cape, $2 50 to $3.

MOLASSES—The supply is not large, and demand fair. Common, 75 to 90c; choice, 95c to $1; syrup, $1 to $1 50.

MACKEREL—There is a good stock on hand. Prices are steady at $23 to $24 for No. 1; $22 to $23 for No. 2; $20 for No. 3. Half barrels and kits in proportion.

OILS—A good stock of all kinds on hand. Coal, common, 48 to 52c; extra, 55 to 57c; lard, $1 15 to $1 50; train, $1 20 to $1 30; linseed, $1 50 to $1 70; sperm, $1 75 to $2.

OATS—The receipts are fair, and prices weak. We quote on levee at 90 to 92c.

ONIONS—The old on hand are not good, prices varying from $2 to $3 per bbl. New are coming in from below at $5 to $6 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—There is a good supply on hand, and prices are firm. Mess pork is selling at $24 to $24 50; prime mess, $22 to $22 50; clear sides, 13 to 13½c; clear rib, 12½ to 12½c; plain sugar cured hams, 14 to 15c; canvassed hams, 17 to 17½c; breakfast bacon, 16 to 18c.

POULTRY—Chickens are scarce and in demand. Selling at $7 to $8 per doz.

POTATOES—Are in light supply and dull. Selling at $2 25 to $3 per bbl.

ROPE—A light stock with no demand. Prices are steady. We quote for machine made 12½ to 13c; hand made 10 to 11c.

SUGAR—The receipts are very fair, and prices are firm. The stock on hand is good. Crushed and powdered, 19 to 20c; A coffee, 18c; B, 17c; C, 16½c.

SALT—There is a good stock on hand and demand fair. Sacks, $2 20 to $2 30; barrels, $3 25 to $3 50.

TOBACCO—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. We quote natural leaf at $1 20 to $1 30; fancy Virginia, new work, $1 to $1 25; fine bright, pounds, $1 to $1 10; medium do., pounds, 75 to 85c; common bright, pounds, 60 to 70c; fine and fancy smoking, 75 to $1 50.

TAR—In kegs, $6 to $7 per doz.

WHISKY—The market is firm but quiet. Common, $1 85 to $2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25 to $3; Bourbon, $3 25 to $5.

Wagon and Carriage Material.

Corrected daily by Woodburn, Smith & Co., Nos. 11 and 13 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 50@15 00
Buggy wheels, Barnes's patent	18 75
Wagon wheels	16 18 00
Buggy hubs, per set	1 25@ 2 00
Wagon hubs, do	1 50@ 4 00
Buggy spokes, do	3 50@ 5 00
Wagon spokes, do	2 75@ 3 75
Buggy felloes, do	1 80@ 2 25
Sawed fel